McKean County Miner.

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McKean County Miner

[illegible] ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

[illegible] B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at [illegible] p. m. and 6:22 p. m., and leaves at [illegible] and 2:30 p. m.
[illegible] R. & K. R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. [illegible] and leaves at 6:30 a. m. and 3:40 p. m.
[illegible] Colegrove Mail leaves at 12:15 p. m. and arrives at 5:30 p. m.
[illegible] Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday [illegible] p. m., and departs at 1:30 p. m. [illegible]
[illegible] before leaving time.
[illegible] will not be issued or Letters [illegible] between 12 m. and 2:30 p. m.
[illegible] Sunday for delivery of mail [illegible] p. m.
CLARK WILSON, P. M.

Lodge Directory

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets on the [illegible] Friday of each month, at [illegible] o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall.
F. R. FOSTER, W. M.
[illegible] SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 182, meets every second, fourth and last Tuesday evening of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
[illegible], M. W.
[illegible], Recorder.

E. A. U.

Meets on first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.
[illegible], President.
W. H. [illegible], Secretary.

G. A. R.

Post 187, G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening, at [illegible] o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
H. M. CHOATE, Com.
[illegible], Adjutant.

W. R. C.

Meets every Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
MRS. HELEN MORRISON, Pres.
MRS. [illegible] WILDER, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Backus Hall.
A. R. CORY, N. G.
[illegible] SHANAHAN, Sec'y.

K. O. T. M.

Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Backus Block.
[illegible], Com.
[illegible], R. K.

W. C. T. U.

Meets every alternate Friday afternoon, at [illegible] in Temperance Headquarters.
MRS. S. A. [illegible], Pres.
MRS. M. E. RICHARDSON, Sec'y.

Y. W. C. T. U.

Meets every Friday evening, at 7:30, in Temperance Headquarters.
MISS W. P. [illegible], Pres.
MISS LYDIA BURLINGAME, Sec'y.

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

Meetings in Backus Hall on first and third Wednesdays in the month at 7 p. m.
DWIGHT WALKER, S. K. C.
[illegible] GALLUP, Scribe.
REV. J. H. McCANDLESS, Warden.

Smethport Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F.

Meets the First and Third Wednesdays of each month in Backus Hall.
J. A. MORRISON, Chief Patriarch.
H. M. CHOATE, Scribe.

Churches.

Methodist.—REV. W. [illegible], pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 12 m. Sunday. Prayer Meeting on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teacher's meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Baptist.—REV. W. R. WILLIAMS, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

Episcopal.—J. [illegible] McCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional service at [illegible] a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

[illegible] Church—[illegible] every Sunday at 3 p. m. Sunday school 2:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at [illegible].

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church—J. J. [illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Congregational Church—[illegible], pastor. Preaching every Sunday morning at 10:30; Sabbath school at 12:00 a. m., preaching every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, and class meeting at close of evening service. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

[illegible] church—[illegible], pastor. Preaching at [illegible] p. m. [illegible] meeting after service. Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.

MASONS' SUPPLIES!

Fresh Lime, Plaster, Cement,

Plastering Hair, Tile of all Kinds, Fire and Clay Brick, kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,
SMETHPORT, PA.
March [illegible]

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. T. Callar's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

P. D. HOPKINS
Successor to C. L. Douglass,
Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,
SMETHPORT PA.
—Dealer in—
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

W. T. CALLAR,
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.
—DEALER IN—
Drugs : and : Medicines,
Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,
Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
BRICK DRUG STORE,
MAIN STREET, - - SMETHPORT, PA

T. H. PURTLE,
General Blacksmithing,
CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS,
WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done. By the aid of competent workmen, I am able to turn out first-class work at moderate prices.

Horseshoeing :- A -:- Specialty

Agent for [illegible] Celebrated Hoof Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward [illegible] will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this contrivance.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

JOHN M. APPLE, Notary Public. J. W. BOUTON.
Apple & Bouton,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on first floor of Henry Hamlin's bank building, Main St., Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, orphans' court practice, and collections a specialty.

R. B. STONE, W. W. BROWN, G. A. STURGEON.
Stone, Brown & Sturgeon,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Address: [illegible] Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Geo. A. Berry.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Rooms 5 and 6, Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford, Pa.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. JOHN FORREST.
Hamlin & Forrest
LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the late firm of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly [illegible]) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Robert H. Rose.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR. Office over H. Hamlin's Banking Office, Smethport, Pa.

Sheridan Gorton.
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, office in Backus Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. Keenan.
ATTORNEY AT LAW. [illegible] Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

F. Ford.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office: Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. K. Wallace.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bradford, Pa. Claims promptly collected.

M. McSWEENEY. M. M. BYLES.
McSweeney & Byles.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Room: Producer's Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

Mullin & McClure.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts. Bradford, Pa.

James C. Boyce.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND COUNSELOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office: Room 3, Cor Main & Webster Sts. Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

H. R. Mayo.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Gleason block, Smethport, Pa.

P. R. Cotter.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eldred, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Physicians.

S. I. Wells, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office at the Drug Store of H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCoy.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. B. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

S. D. Freeman.
SURGEON, Obstetrician and Consulting physician and surgeon. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

Dr. Burg Chadwick.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office one door east of W. T. Callar's drug store.

C. M. COLEGROVE,
County and Practical Surveyor!
Smethport, Penn'a.
July 25, '87.

HOTELS.

WRIGHT HOUSE,
[illegible] Wright, Proprietor.
This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,
Main Street, Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.
This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

COLEMAN HOUSE,
ELDRED, PA.,
Opposite the B., N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.
On the European Plan.
Newly refitted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.
Dec. 17, 1886.

BUCKTAIL HOTEL
Kane, Pa. R. E. Looker, Proprietor.
Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best hotels in McKean County.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,
TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,
KANE, - - PA.
This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style.
☞ First-class accommodations for the traveling public.
JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

A. M. RAY,
TONSORIAL ✦ ARTIST.
Special attention is given to cutting Ladies' bangs in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe in calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.
Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cures for sale.
Shop three doors east of [illegible] House, Smethport, Pa.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse
We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with
FURNITURE!
of all kinds and of
PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser.
Undertaking in all its branches.
Full and Complete Line of
WALL PAPER!
Constantly on hand.
Friends and patrons are invited to
CALL AND SEE US
in our location, and
Look at our Stock
SPECHT & SASSE,
Main St. Smethport, Pa.

WOLFERT WEBBER

By WASHINGTON IRVING.

mind did he suffer! He neglected all his concerns, was moody and restless all day, lost his appetite; wandered in his thoughts and words, and committed a thousand blunders. His rest was broken; and when he fell asleep, the nightmare, in shape of a huge money bag, sat squatted upon his breast. He babbled about incalculable sums; fancied himself engaged in money digging; threw the bed clothes right and left, in the idea that he was shoveling among the dirt, groped under the bed in quest of the treasure, and lugged forth, as he supposed, an inestimable pot of gold.

Dame Webber and her daughter were in despair at what they conceived a returning touch of insanity. There are two family oracles, one or other of which Dutch housewives consult in all cases of great doubt and perplexity: the dominie and the doctor. In the present instance they repaired to the doctor. There was at that time a little dark, moldy man of medicine famous among the old wives of the Manhattoes for his skill not only [illegible] strange and mysterious nature. His name was Dr. Knipperhausen, but he was more commonly known by the appellation of the High German doctor. To him did the poor women repair for counsel and assistance touching the mental vagaries of Wolfert Webber.

They found the doctor seated in his little study, clad in his dark camblet robe of knowledge, with his black velvet cap, after the manner of Boerhaave, Van Helmont and other medical sages; a pair of green spectacles set in black horn upon his clubbed nose, and poring over a German folio that seemed to reflect back the darkness of his physiognomy. The doctor listened to their statement of the symptoms of Wolfert's malady with profound attention; but when they came to mention his raving about buried money, the little man pricked up his ears. Alas, poor women they little knew the aid they had called in.

Dr. Knippenhausen had been half his life engaged in seeking the short cuts to fortune, in quest of which so many a long lifetime is wasted. He had passed some years of his life in the Harz mountains of Germany, and had derived much valuable instruction from the miners, touching the mode of seeking treasure buried in the earth. He had prosecuted his studies also under a traveling sage who united all the mysteries of medicine with magic and legerdemain. His mind, therefore, had become stored with all kinds of mystic lore; he had dabbled a little in astrology, alchemy and divination; knew how to detect stolen money, and to tell where springs of water lay hidden; in a word, by the dark nature of his knowledge he had acquired the name of the High German doctor, which is pretty nearly equivalent to that of necromancer. The doctor had often heard rumors of treasure being buried in various parts of the island, and had long been anxious to get on the traces of it. No sooner were Wolfert's waking and sleeping vagaries confided to him, than he beheld in them the confirmed symptoms of a case of money digging, and lost no time in probing it to the bottom. Wolfert had long been sorely depressed in mind by the golden secret, and as a family physician [illegible] of the opportunity of unburdening himself. So far from curing, the doctor caught the malady from his patient. The circumstances unfolded to him awakened all his cupidity; he had not a doubt of money being buried somewhere in the neighborhood of the mysterious crosses, and offered to join Wolfert in the search. He informed him that much secrecy and caution must be observed in enterprises of the kind, that money is only to be digged for at night, with certain forms and ceremonies; the burning of drugs, the repeating of mystic words, and above all, that the seekers must be provided with a divining rod, which had the wonderful property of pointing to the very spot on the surface of the earth under which treasure lay hidden. As the doctor had given much of his mind to these matters, he charged himself with all the necessary preparations, and, as the quarter of the moon was propitious, he undertook to have the divining rod ready by a certain night.

[The following note was found appended to this paper in the handwriting of Mr. Knickerbocker: "There has been much written against the divining rod by those light minds who are ever ready to scoff at the mysteries of nature, but I fully join with Dr. Knipperhausen in giving it my faith. I shall not insist upon its efficacy in discovering the concealment of stolen goods, the boundary stones of fields, the traces of robbers and murderers, or even the existence of subterraneous springs and streams of water; albeit, I think these properties not easily to be discredited; but of its potency in discovering veins of precious metals and hidden sums of money and jewels I have not the least doubt. Some said that the rod turned only in the hands of persons who had been born in particular months of the year; hence astrologers had recourse to planetary influence when they would procure a talisman. Others declared that the properties of the rod were either an effect of chance, or the fraud of the holder, or the work of the devil. Thus sayeth the reverend Father Gaspard Schott in his 'Treatise on Magic:' 'Propter hoc et similia argumenta audacter ego pronuncio vim conversivam virgulae bifurcatae nequaquam naturalem esse, sed vel casu vel fraude virgulam tractantis vel ope diaboli,' etc.

"Georgius Agricola also was of opinion that it was a mere delusion of the devil to inveigle the avaricious and unwary into his clutches, and in his treatise 'de re Metallica,' lays particular stress on the mysterious words pronounced by those persons who employed the divining rod during his time. But I make not a doubt that the divining rod is one of those secrets of natural magic, the mystery of which is to be explained by the sympathies existing between physical things operated upon by the planets, and rendered efficacious by the strong faith of the individual. Let the divining rod be properly gathered at the proper time of the moon, cut into the proper form, used with the necessary ceremonies, and with a perfect faith in its efficacy, and I can confidently recommend it to my fellow citizens as an infallible means of discovering the various places on the island of the Manhattoes where treasure hath been buried in the olden time. D. K."]

Wolfert's heart leaped with joy at having met with so learned and able a coadjutor. Everything went on secretly, but swimmingly. The doctor had many consultations with his patient, and the good women of the household lauded the comforting effect of his visits. In the meantime the wonderful divining rod, that great key to nature's secrets, was duly prepared. The doctor had thumbed over all his books of knowledge for the occasion, and Mud Sam was engaged to take them in his skiff to the scene of enterprise; to work with spade and pickax in unearthing the treasure, and to freight his bark with the weighty spoils they were certain of finding.

At length the appointed night arrived for this perilous undertaking. The great church clock struck 10 as Wolfert and the doctor passed by the churchyard, and the watchman bawled in hoarse voice a long and doleful "All's well!"

They found the negro fisherman waiting for them, smoking his pipe in the stern of his skiff, which was moored just in front of his little cabin. A pickax and spade were lying in the bottom of the boat, with a dark lanthorn, and a stone jug of good Dutch courage, in which honest Sam, no doubt, put even more faith than did Dr. Knipperhausen in his drugs. Thus, then, did these three worthies embark in their cockle-shell of a skiff upon this nocturnal expedition, with a wisdom and valor equaled only by the three wise men of Gotham, who went to sea in a bowl. The tide was rising and running rapidly up the sound. The current bore them along, almost without the aid of an oar. The profile of the town lay all in shadow. Here and there a light feebly glimmered from some sick chamber, or from the cabin window of some vessel at anchor in the stream. Not a cloud obscured the deep starry firmament, the lights of which wavered on the surface of the placid river; and a shooting meteor, streaking its pale course in the very direction they were taking, was interpreted by the doctor into a most propitious omen.

In a little while they glided by the point of Corlears Hook with the rural inn which had been the scene of such night adventures. The family had retired to rest, and the house was dark and still. Wolfert felt a chill pass over him as they passed the point where the buccaneer had disappeared. He pointed it out to Dr. Knipperhausen. While regarding it, they thought they saw a boat actually lurking at the very place; but the shore cast such a shadow over the border of the water that they could discern nothing distinctly. They had not [illegible] sounds of distant oars, as if cautiously pulled. Sam plied his oars with redoubled vigor, and knowing all the eddies and currents of the stream, soon left their followers, if such they were, far astern. In a little while they stretched across Turtle bay and Kip's bay, then shrouded themselves in the deep shadows of the Manhattan shore, and glided swiftly along, secure from observation. At length Sam shot his skiff into a little cove, darkly embowered by trees, and made it fast to the well known iron ring. They now landed, and lighting the lanthorn, gathered their various implements and proceeded slowly through the bushes. Every sound startled them, even that of their footsteps among the dry leaves; and the hooting of a screech owl, from the shattered chimney of father red cap's ruin, made their blood run cold.

In spite of all Wolfert's caution in taking note of the land marks, it was some time before they could find the open place among the trees, where the treasure was supposed to be buried. At length they came to the ledge of rock; and on examining its surface by the aid of the lanthorn, Wolfert recognized the three mystic crosses. Their hearts beat quick, for the momentous trial was at hand that was to determine their hopes.

The lanthorn was now held by Wolfert Webber, while the doctor produced the divining rod. It was a forked twig, one end of which was grasped firmly in each hand, while the center, forming the stem, pointed perpendicularly upwards. The doctor moved this wand about, within a certain distance of the earth, from place to place, but for some time without any effect, while Wolfert kept the light of the lanthorn turned full upon it, and watched with the most breathless interest. At length the rod began slowly to turn. The doctor grasped it with greater earnestness, his hand trembling with the agitation of his mind. The wand continued slowly to turn, until at length the stem had reversed its position and pointed perpendicularly downward, and remained pointing to one spot as fixedly as the needle to the pole.

"This is the spot, said the doctor, in an almost inaudible tone.

"Shall I dig?" said Sam, grasping the spade.

"Pots tousends, no!" replied the little doctor, hastily. He now ordered his companions to keep close by him and maintain the most inflexible silence. That certain precautions must be taken and ceremonies used to prevent the evil spirits which keep about buried treasure from doing them any harm. The doctor then drew a circle round the place, enough to include the whole party. He next gathered dry twigs and leaves and made a fire, upon which he threw certain drugs and dried herbs which he had brought in his basket. A thick smoke rose, diffusing a potent odor, savoring marvelously of brimstone and assafoetida, which, however grateful it might be to the olfactory nerves of spirits, nearly strangled poor Wolfert, and produced a fit of coughing and wheezing that made the whole grove resound. Dr. Knipperhausen then unclasped the volume which he had brought under his arm, which was printed in red and black characters in German text. While Wolfert held the lanthorn the doctor, by the aid of his spectacles, read off several forms of conjuration in Latin and German. He then ordered Sam to seize the pickax and proceed to work. The close bound soil gave obstinate signs of not having been disturbed for many a year. After having picked his way through the surface Sam came to a bed sand and gravel, which he threw briskly to right and left with the spade.

"Hark!" said Wolfert, who fancied he heard a trampling among the dry leaves, and a rustling through the bushes. Sam paused for a moment and they listened. No footstep was near. The bat flitted about them in silence; a bird roused from its nest by the light which glared up among the trees, flew circling about the flame. In the profound stillness of the woodland they could distinguish the current rippling along the rocky shore and the distant murmuring and roaring of Hell Gate.

Sam continued his labors, and had already digged a considerable hole. The doctor stood on the edge, reading formulæ every now and then from the black letter volume, or throwing more drugs or herbs upon the fire, while Wolfert bent anxiously over the pit, watching every stroke of the spade. Any one witnessing the scene thus strangely lighted up by fire, lanthorn and the reflection of Wolfert's red mantle, might have mistaken the little doctor for some foul magician busied in his incantations, and the grizzly headed Sam as some swart goblin, obedient to his commands.

At length the spade of the fisherman struck upon something that sounded hollow. The sound vibrated to Wolfert's heart. He struck his spade again.

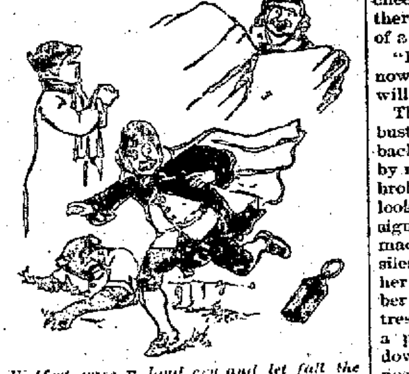
"'Tis a chest," said Sam.

"Full of gold, I'll warrant it!" cried Wolfert, clasping his hands with rapture.

Scarcely had he uttered the words when a sound from overhead caught his ear. He cast up his eyes, and lo! by the expiring light of the fire he beheld, just over the disk of the rock, what appeared to be the grim visage of the drowned buccaneer, grinning hideously down upon him.

Wolfert gave a loud cry and let fall the lanthorn. His panic communicated itself to his companions. The negro leaped out of the hole, the doctor dropped his book and basket and began to pray in German. All was horror and confusion. The fire was scattered about, the lanthorn extinguished. In their hurry-skurry they ran against and confounded one another. They fancied a legion of hobgoblins let loose upon them, and that they saw by the fitful gleams of the scattered embers, strange figures in red caps gibbering and ramping around them. The doctor ran one way, Mud Sam another, and Wolfert made for the water side. As he plunged struggling onwards through bush and brake, he heard the tread of some one in pursuit. He scrambled frantically forward. The footsteps gained upon him. He felt himself grasped by his cloak, when suddenly his pursuer was attacked in turn; a fierce fight and struggle ensued—a pistol was discharged that lit up rock and bush for a period, and showed two figures grappling together—all was then darker than ever. The contest continued—the combatants clenched each other, and panted and groaned, and rolled among the rocks. There was snarling and growling as of a cur, mingled with curses in which Wolfert fancied he could recognize the voice of the buccaneer. He would fain have fled, but he was on the brink of a precipice and could go no farther.

Again the parties were on their feet; again there was a tugging and struggling, as if strength alone could decide the combat, until one was precipitated from the brow of the cliff and sent headlong into the deep stream that whirled below. Wolfert heard the plunge, and a kind of strangling, bubbling murmur, but the darkness of the night hid everything from view, and the swiftness of the current swept everything instantly out of hearing. One of the combatants was disposed of, but whether friend or foe [illegible] they might not both be foes. He heard the survivor approach and his terror revived. He saw, where the profile of the rocks rose against the horizon, a human form advancing. He could not be mistaken: it must be the buccaneer. Whither should he fly! a precipice was on one side; a murderer on the other. The enemy approached; he was close at hand. Wolfert attempted to let himself down the face of the cliff. His cloak caught in a thorn that grew on the edge. He was jerked from off his feet and held dangling in the air, half choked by the string with which his careful wife had fastened the garment round his neck. Wolfert thought his last moment had arrived; already had he committed his soul to St. Nicholas, when the string broke and he tumbled down the bank, bumping from rock to rock and bush to bush, and leaving the red cloak fluttering like a bloody banner in the air.



"Wolfert gave a loud cry and let fall the lanthorn."

It was a long time before Wolfert came to himself. When he opened his eyes the ruddy streaks of the morning were already shooting up the sky. He found himself lying in the bottom of a boat, grievously battered. He attempted to sit up, but was too sore and stiff to move. A voice requested him in friendly accents to lie still. He turned his eyes toward the speaker; it was Dirk Waldron. He [illegible] quest of Dame Webber and her daughter, who, with the laudable curiosity of their sex, had pried into the secret consultations of Wolfert and the doctor. Dirk had been completely distanced in following the light skiff of the fisherman, and had just come in time to rescue the poor money digger from his pursuer.

Thus ended this perilous enterprise. The doctor and Mud Sam severally found their way back to the Manhattoes, each having some dreadful tale of peril to relate. As to poor Wolfert, instead of returning in triumph laden with bags of gold, he was borne home on a shutter, followed by a rabble route of curious urchins. His wife and daughter saw the dismal pageant from a distance, and alarmed the neighborhood with their cries; they thought the poor man had suddenly settled the great debt of nature in one of his wayward moods. Finding him, however, still living, they had him conveyed speedily to bed, and a jury of old matrons of the neighborhood assembled to determine how he should be doctored. The whole town was in a buzz with the story of the money diggers. Many repaired to the scene of the previous night's adventures; but though they found the very place of the digging, they discovered nothing that compensated for their trouble. Some say they found the fragments of an oaken chest and an iron pot lid, which savored strongly of hidden money, and that in the old family vault there were traces of bales and boxes, but this is all very dubious.

In fact, the secret of all this story has never to this day been discovered; whether any treasure was ever actually buried at that place; whether, if so, it was carried off at night by those who had buried it; or whether it still remains there under the guardianship of gnomes and spirits until it shall be properly sought for, is all matter of conjecture. For my part I incline to the latter opinion, and make no doubt that great sums lie buried, both there and in many other parts of this island and its neighborhood, ever since the times of the buccaneers and the Dutch colonists; and I would earnestly recommend the search after them to such of my fellow citizens as are not engaged in any other speculations.

There were many conjectures formed, also, as to who and what was the strange man of the seas who had domineered over the little fraternity at Corlears Hook for a time; disappeared so strangely and reappeared so fearfully. Some supposed him a smuggler stationed at that place to assist his comrades in landing their goods among the rocky coves of the island. Others that he was a buccaneer; one of the ancient comrades, either of Kidd or Bradish, returned to convey away treasures formerly hidden in the vicinity. The only circumstance that throws anything like a vague light over this mysterious matter is a report that prevailed of a strange foreign built shallop, with the look of a piccaroon, having been seen hovering about the sound for several days without landing or reporting herself, though boats were seen going to and from her at night; and that she was seen standing out of the mouth of the harbor, in the gray of the dawn after the catastrophe of the money diggers.

I must not omit to mention another report, also, which I confess is rather apocryphal, of the buccaneer, who was supposed to have been drowned, being seen before daybreak, with a lanthorn in his hand, seated astride his great sea chest and sailing through Hell Gate, which just then began to roar and bellow with redoubled fury.

While all the gossip world was thus filled with talk and rumor, poor Wolfert lay sick and sorrowful in his bed, bruised in body and sorely beaten down in mind. His wife and daughter did all they could to bind up his wounds both corporal and spiritual. The good old dame never stirred from his bedside, where she sat knitting from morning till night; while his daughter busied herself about him with the fondest care. Nor did they lack assistance from abroad. Whatever may be said of the desertion of friends in distress, they had no complaint of the kind to make. Not an old wife of the neighborhood but abandoned her work to crowd to the mansion of Wolfert Webber, inquire after his health and the particulars of his story. Not one came, moreover, without her little pipkin of pennyroyal, sage, balm or other herb tea, delighted at an opportunity of signalizing her kindness and her doctorship. What drenchings did not the poor Wolfert undergo, and all in vain. It was a moving sight to behold him wasting away day by day; growing thinner and thinner and ghastlier and ghastlier, and staring with rueful visage from under an old patchwork counterpane upon the jury of matrons kindly assembled to sigh and groan and look unhappy around him.

Dirk Waldron was the only being that seemed to shed a ray of sunshine into this house of mourning. He came in with cheery look and manly spirit and tried to reanimate the expiring heart of the poor money digger, but it was all in vain. Wolfert was completely done [illegible] plete his despair it was a notice served upon him in the midst of his distress, that the corporation were about to run a new street through the very center of his cabbage garden. He saw nothing before him but poverty and ruin; his last reliance, the garden of his forefathers, was to be laid waste, and what then was to become of his poor wife and child?

His eyes filled with tears as they followed the dutiful Amy out of the room one morning. Dirk Waldron was seated beside him; Wolfert grasped his hand, pointed after his daughter, and for the first time since his illness broke the silence he had maintained.

"I am going!" said he, shaking his head feebly, "and when I am gone—my poor daughter"——

"Leave her to me, father!" said Dirk, manfully—"I'll take care of her!"

Wolfert looked up in the face of the cheery, strapping youngster, and saw there was none better able to take care of a woman.

"Enough," said he, "she is yours!—and now fetch me a lawyer—let me make my will and die."

The lawyer was brought—a dapper, bustling, round headed little man, Roorback (or Rollebuck, as it was pronounced) by name. At the sight of him the women broke into loud lamentations, for they looked upon the signing of a will as the signing of a death warrant. Wolfert made a feeble motion for them to be silent. Poor Amy buried her face and her grief in the bed curtain. Dame Webber resumed her knitting to hide her distress, which betrayed itself, however, in a pellucid tear, that trickled silently down and hung at the end of her peaked nose; while the cat, the only concerned member of the family, played with the good dame's ball of worsted, as it rolled about the floor.

Wolfert lay on his back, his nightcap drawn over his forehead; his eyes closed; his whole visage the picture of death. He begged the lawyer to be brief, for he felt his end approaching and that he had no time to lose. The lawyer nibbed his pen, spread out his paper, and prepared to write.

"I give and bequeath," said Wolfert, faintly, "my small farm"——

"What—all!" exclaimed the lawyer. [illegible] looked upon the lawyer.

"Yes—all," said he.

"What! all that great patch of land with cabbages and sunflowers, which the corporation is just going to run a main street through?"

"The same," said Wolfert, with a heavy sigh and sinking back upon his pillow.

"I wish him joy that inherits it!" said the little lawyer, chuckling and rubbing his hands involuntarily.

"What do you mean?" said Wolfert, again opening his eyes.

"That he'll be one of the richest men in the place!" cried little Rollebuck.

The expiring Wolfert seemed to step back from the threshold of existence; his eyes again lighted up; he raised himself in his bed; shoved back his red worsted night cap, and stared broadly at the lawyer.

"You don't say so!" exclaimed he.

"Faith, but I do!" rejoined the other. "Why, when that great field and that piece of meadow come to be laid out in streets, and cut up into snug building lots—why, who ever owns them need not pull off his hat to the patroon!"

"Say you so?" cried Wolfert, half thrusting one leg out of bed, "why, then I think I'll not make my will yet!"

To the surprise of every body the dying man actually recovered. The vital spark which had glimmered faintly in the socket, received fresh fuel from the oil of gladness, which the little lawyer poured into his soul. It once more burnt up into a flame.

Give physic to the heart, ye who would revive the body of a spirit broken man! In a few days Wolfert left his room; in a few days more his table was covered with deeds, plans of streets and building lots. Little Rollebuck was constantly with him, and his right hand man and adviser, and instead of making his will, assisted in the more agreeable task of making his fortune. In fact, Wolfert Webber was one of those worthy Dutch burghers of the Manhattoes whose fortunes have been made, in a manner, in spite of themselves; who have tenaciously held on to their hereditary acres, raising turnips and cabbages about the skirts of the city, hardly able to make both ends meet, until the corporation has cruelly driven streets through their abodes, and they have suddenly awakened out of a lethargy, and, to their astonishment, found themselves rich men.

Before many months had elapsed a great bustling street passed through the very center of the Webber garden, just where Wolfert had dreamed of finding a treasure. His golden dream was accomplished; he did indeed find an unlooked for source of wealth; for, when his paternal lands were distributed into building lots, and rented out to safe tenants, instead of producing a paltry crop of cabbages, they returned him an abundant crop of rents; insomuch that on quarter day it was a goodly sight to see his tenants rapping at his door, from morning to night, each with a little round bellied bag of money, the golden produce of the soil.

The ancient mansion of his forefathers was still kept up, but instead of being a little yellow fronted Dutch house in a garden, it now stood boldly in the midst of a street, the grand house of the neighborhood; for Wolfert enlarged it with a wing on each side, and a cupola or tea room on top, where he might climb up and smoke his pipe in hot weather; and and in the course of time the whole mansion was overrun by the chubby faced progeny of Amy Webber and Dirk Waldron.

As Wolfert waxed old and rich and corpulent, he also set up a great ginger bread colored carriage drawn by a pair of black Flanders mares with tails that swept the ground; and to commemorate the origin of his greatness, he had for a crest a full blown cabbage painted on the pannels with the pithy motto "Alles Kopf;" that is to say, all head; meaning thereby that he had risen by sheer head work.

To fill the measure of his greatness, in the fullness of time the renowned Ramm Rapelye slept with his fathers, and Wolfert Webber succeed to the leathern bottomed arm chair in the inn parlor at Corlears Hook; where he long reigned greatly honored and respected, insomuch that he was never known to tell a story without its being believed, nor to utter a joke without its being laughed at.

THE END.

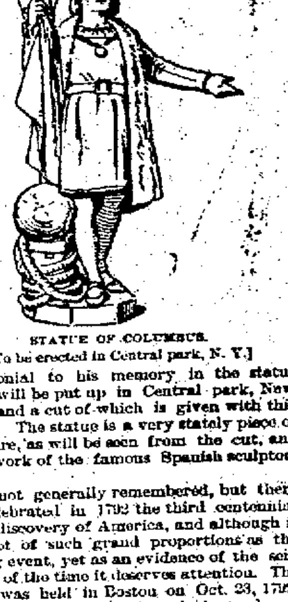
THE BIG WORLD'S FAIR.

WHERE WILL IT BE HELD? IS THE GREAT QUESTION.

The Statue of Columbus Which Is to Be Put Up in Central Park, New York—A Brief Revised History of the Great Discoverer.

Where!

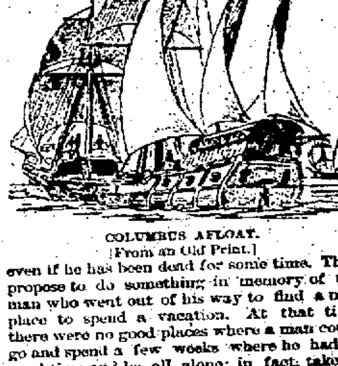
Chicago says she must have it, St. Louis says she wants it, Washington is thinking over the matter, and New York says there is only one place to hold it, anyway. But one fair is held, Columbus will have a permanent testimonial to his memory in the statue which will be put up in Central park, New York; and a cut of which is given with this article. The statue is a very stately piece of sculpture, as will be seen from the cut, and is the work of the famous Spanish sculptor, Sunal.



STATUE OF COLUMBUS.
[To be erected in Central park, N. Y.]

It is not generally remembered, but there was celebrated in 1792 the third centennial of the discovery of America, and although it was not of such grand proportions as the coming event, yet as an evidence of the sentiment of the time it deserves attention. The event was held in Boston on Oct. 23, 1792, and it is a curious fact that the learned men of the day, in calculating the difference between the old and new style, made a serious error, and the event was in consequence celebrated on the wrong day. It should have taken place on the 21st. Previous to this time, however, the name of Columbus was not so familiar to the people, and it was not until the Massachusetts Historical society and the Columbian order in New York took the matter up, that the fame of Columbus became fully established and the misconceptions regarding the magnitude of his work were dispelled.

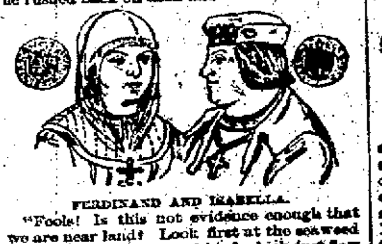
If Christopher Columbus had ever dreamed that, after spending seventeen years in raising enough money to pay his passage to America, there would be such a fuss over the event, it would have made him feel, and [illegible] it. No one knew, or at that time thought, much about the World's fair. The great problem of the latter part of Columbus' time was how to keep out of jail—not that he had ever done anything to deserve it, however—and this occupied most of his time to the exclusion of the claims of St. Louis and Chicago. He was much afflicted, and now they think it is about time to make a *few* amends, even if he has been dead for some time. They propose to do something in memory of the man who went out of his way to find a new place to spend a vacation. At that time there were no good places where a man could go and spend a few weeks where he had a good time and be all alone; in fact, take a good rest. There was no St. Louis then.



COLUMBUS AFLOAT.
[From an Old Print.]

Columbus was almost the only man of his time who held that the world was round. There was a very curious notion of the shape of the existing earth, which is well shown in the accompanying map, gotten up by Mr. Ptolemy. The fact of the matter was that very little was known and the whole fabric of geography was so tinctured with superstition that it was hard to discover the few grains of truth. Columbus, however, had the right idea. He had it firmly established in his mind that if he only sailed far enough to the westward he would strike land. He thought, however, that he would strike India. The only trouble with Columbus was that he thought the earth was smaller than it really is. But this little misconception is shared by several people today.

On the 3d of August, 1492, Columbus set sail from Palos and bore away toward the West Indies. It was a little early for the season at San Domingo. People don't usually go down there until well along in the winter, but Columbus wanted to get a good start. After they had sailed many days the men concluded that Columbus had made a slight error in his calculations, and wanted to 'bout ship and go back, but Columbus, knowing that something of this sort was bound to happen, had anticipated them. Putting his long bony fingers apparently into the sea he picked up a piece of seaweed which he had carefully tacked to the vessel's side before sailing, and then going down into the cabin and grabbing a pet canary which he had concealed carefully in the pocket of one of his wife's dresses, he rushed back on deck and exclaimed:



FERDINAND AND ISABELLA.

"Fools! Is this not evidence enough that we are near land? Look first at the seaweed and then at this fatigued bird which just flew into my hands."

This convinced the men, and they slunk back to the forecastle, while Columbus, carefully retacking the seaweed and putting the bird back for future use, went down below, first giving instructions that when land was sighted to let go the anchor and throw the cook overboard. This custom has been handed down to the present day, but few sailors know that it originated with Columbus. It has been a matter of common history that when Columbus landed he unearthed a band of natives who were in hiding on Cat Island, just inside the city limits, and the following conversation ensued:

Spokesman (of natives)—When did you arrive?

Columbus—We just got in.

Spokesman (turning badly to his comrades)—It's no use kicking, boys; we're discovered at last.

This story, however, is not authenticated, and as Irving has left it out of his history it may be set down as mythical. There is some dispute as to whether Columbus landed at Cat Island (or San Salvador) or San Domingo. Columbus was at that time a member of the Thirteen club, and he had planned previously to make his landing on Friday, Oct. 12. He stayed around the West Indies some months, wasting much valuable time which might have been spent in advertising in the Spanish papers, but finally turned his face toward Spain and landed there on Friday, March 15, 1493. He was met by Ferdinand and Isabella, who asked him, before he had time to get ashore, his impressions of America. Calling up his favorite typewriter, Columbus rapidly dictated a few words, which were put in a book with wide margins and illustrations of himself in the act of discovering America, and which sold on the news stands like hot cakes.

In September, 1493, Columbus went on a second voyage and discovered the Windward Islands. They were to windward of him when first seen, hence the name. If the wind had been blowing the other way they would have been called the Leeward Islands. Columbus returned to Cadiz in due time, and again set sail on his third voyage on May 30, 1498. This time he wasn't so successful, and about the only thing that he discovered was that his friends had gone back on him, and after he had been accused of various things he was put in fetters. [illegible] perhaps Columbus' feelings might be hurt by his confinement, had him released and he went back to Spain, where he died amid ungrateful people. But then Chicago hadn't been enlarged and they didn't appreciate fully the value of his discovery.

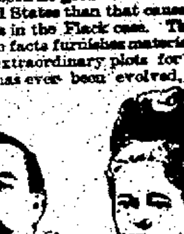
Now after so many years have passed away, American citizens are going to make up for lost time and show that they are full of gratitude for what Columbus did for them.

TOM MASSON.

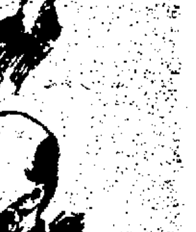
THE FLACK DIVORCE CASE.

One of the Most Sensational That Has Developed in America.

There has been no greater divorce sensation in the United States than that caused by the developments in the Flack case. The barest outline of the facts furnishes material for one of the most extraordinary plots for story or stage that has ever been evolved, either in real life or fiction. A high court officer determines that he must be rid of his wife. Instead of trying to get a divorce from her he has her personated before the court and a divorce is obtained from him by her on the most serious charges. She is kept in ignorance of this, but believes a separation simply has been agreed to. The public knows nothing of the whole business, and the denouement comes when the story is divulged. The dramatic personae, besides the husband and the wife, include Judge Bookstaver, who presided at the alleged trial, the son of the parties, the referee, "Mrs. Raymond," the woman in the case, etc., etc.



JAMES A. FLACK.

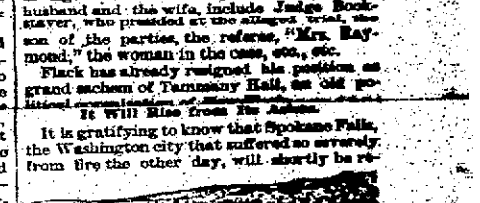


MRS. RAYMOND.
JUDGE BOOKSTAVER.

Flack has already resigned his position as grand sachem of Tammany Hall, an old political [illegible]

It Will Rise from Its Ashes.

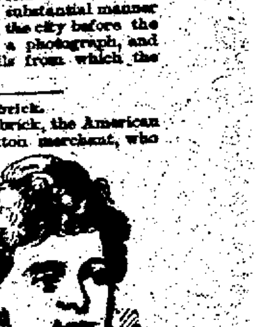
It is gratifying to know that Spokane Falls, the Washington city that suffered so severely from fire the other day, will shortly be rebuilt, and that in a more substantial manner than before. The cut of the city before the fire here given is from a photograph, and shows the beautiful falls from which the place takes its name.



SPOKANE FALLS BEFORE THE FIRE.

Mrs. Maybrick.

The story of Mrs. Maybrick, the American wife of a Liverpool cotton merchant, who has been convicted of poisoning her husband to his death, is familiar to all newspaper readers. It is an especially sad one, no matter in what light it is regarded, doubly so if she be innocent. For while most people look with more aversion upon the execution of a woman than a man, all can but regard the execution of a woman innocent of the crime of murder with the greatest horror. But the jury has found her guilty and the law, justly, makes no distinction in regard to sex.



MRS. MAYBRICK.

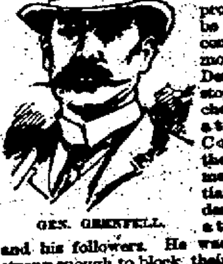
A Fortune in Prospect.

Young Hillvyr (gloomily)—What did the old man leave me? Nothing. Worse than nothing. A tract of land in the backwoods, with nothing on it but some springs so bad that the cattle drinking the water take fits.

Old Levelhead — Shortsighted boy! There's a fortune in that farm. Put up a big hotel, advertise the water as "Hygeia's Own Life Giving Liquid" and you will die a rich man.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Gen. Grenfell.

Gen. Grenfell, who led the combined British and Egyptian forces with such marked success against the Dervishes at Toski the other day, has in this action again proven his right to be called an able commander. The movement of the Dervishes, which he stopped, was first checked on July 2 at Arguin, when Col. Wodehouse, the officer in command of the Egyptian advance guard, dealt a severe blow at Wad-el-N'Jumi and his followers. He was not, however, strong enough to block their advance, while on their side the loss of 500 killed and wounded and as many prisoners did not avail to stop their march toward the north. Wad-el-N'Jumi's force consisted of some 5,000 fighting men, who were opposed by three battalions of British troops under Gen. Dormer, the commander of the British army of occupation, and some Egyptian black battalions under Gen. Grenfell, the sirdar, Maj. Gen. de Montmorency and Col. Wodehouse.



GEN. GRENFELL.

Parties desiring our autograph to paste in their albums can cut it off a subscription receipt. We are always ready to accommodate our subscribers in this manner.—Canton (Pa.) Sentinel.

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 36 tf.

All Kinds of Job Work Done at this Office.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Payable in ADVANCE, one year $1.50, six months, 75 cents, three months, 40 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements 7½ cents per line for each insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Exceptions and administrators' notices $2.00 each for six insertions.

Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5 per year.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

L. ROGERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., August 23, 1889.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

HENRY K. BOYER,

of Philadelphia.

COUNTY.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

L. ROGERS,

of Smethport

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,

M. J. HADLEY,

of Turtle Point

Republican County Committee.

W. R. WEAVER, Bradford, Chairman.

BRADFORD CITY.

1st Ward, 1st Dist.—F. C. Applebee.

2d do — J. R. Fox.

3d do — M. Watson.

4th do — J. A. Willis.

TOWNSHIPS OR BOROS.	P. O. ADDRESS.	NAME
Annin,	Turtle Point,	Irwin Champion
Bradford, 1st d.	Custer City,	J. H. Morris
" 2d d.	Bradford,	Griffin Hatfield
Ceres,	Ceres	C. R. Robinson
Corydon,	Corydon	R. D. Toms
Eldred boro,	Eldred	C. C. Moses
Eldred twp	Larabee	D. S. Carpenter
Foster, 1st dist.	Bradford City,	M. M. Bowen
" 2d "	Sawyer City,	R. H. Stoever
Hamilton, 1st d.	Ludlow	Jno. Gibbs
" 2d d.	Morrisons,	W. J. Bartholomew
Hamlin,	Crosby	W. H. Noll
Keating 1st d.	Smethport,	A. J. Bond
" 2d d.	Coleville,	J. E. Wright
" 3d d.	Clermont	C. N. Johnson
Kane,	Kane,	T. A. Vanscoter
Kendall, 1st d.	Kendall Creek,	W. K. Hevers
" 2d d.	Do	J. C. Smith
Lafayette, 1st d.	Mt. Alton,	Mark Hardie
" 2d d.	Big Shanty	P. H. Reed
Liberty,	Port Allegany,	A. Bateman
Norwich,	Norwich,	A. P. Brewer
Otto, 1st dist.	Duke Centre	D. P. Cook
Otto, 2d dist.	Rixford,	C. H. Johnson
Port Allegany,	Port Allegany	W. M. Holmes
Sergeant,	Clermont,	Jacob Amend
Smethport,	Smethport,	R. P. Wright
Wetmore,	Kane,	W. H. Sommer

THE Democratic County Convention will be held in this place on the 27th of this month.

THE Republican State Convention of New York will be held at Saratoga on September 25th.

THE last day for registration this year is Thursday, Sept 5th. You cannot vote unless registered. Don't forget this.

THE New York *Tribune* says the Pennsylvania platform is as stalwart and vigorous as the Republicans he found it.

THE Duke of Fife has some self respect—he will not consent that his Princess wife shall accept her share of the Parliamentary grant to the royal family.

THE Austin *Autograph* will understand that our position is not changed on the subject of trusts, even though the subject was not referred to in the Republican platform. We are opposed to trusts and we regret that the men at Harrisburg two weeks ago did not put the party on record against them.

THERE are seventeen contested election cases awaiting the action of the next congress, all of which have been brought by Republicans. Of this number three are located in each of the states of Virginia, West Virginia and Mississippi, two in Alabama, and one each in Indiana, Florida and Arkansas. There were two additional cases, swelling the total number to nineteen, but these have been withdrawn by the contestants.

THE Pennsylvania State Fair will not be held this year, and it may never be held again. The society is bankrupt, and has been getting to that point pretty rapidly ever since the State Board of Agriculture was organized. The latter concern was started to crush out the State Agricultural Society and as it has accomplished its purpose the sooner it commits hari kari the better it will be for the agricultural interests of the State.

THE Indianapolis *Journal* is fully justified in congratulating President Harrison on his Cabinet and in adding "Its members are attentive to public duty, honest and loyal to their chief. There is not a weak man nor a mischief maker among them. They know how to keep Cabinet secrets. To use a homely figure, they know how to 'saw wood and say nothing.' They do not compromise themselves nor the President by talking, nor giving out tips.

A RECENT compilation from all known statistics place the number of the human family living to-day at about 1,450,000,000. In Asia there are 800,000,000, or an average of 120 to the square mile, in Europe, 320,000,000, averaging 100 to the square mile, and in Africa 210,000,000. In the New World, both North and South America there are but 110,000,000, relatively thinly scattered. In the islands, large and small, 10,000,000. The extremes of the white and black are as five to three, and the remaining 700,000,000 are intermediate, brown and tawny.

"OUR PAUPERS IN BLUE." This is the sympathetic heading of an editorial article in the Charlestown *News and Courier* which begins with this astonishing declaration: "The intelligent and patriotic people of the North are becoming very tired of the old soldier element." Again: "He appears in all the party platforms, is the special subject of Congressional legislation, is regarded as a potent factor in all political contests, is given the post of honor on public occasions, and takes all the money he can get for the service which he rendered when he was fighting, or running, twenty five years ago, for principle." This coarse attack upon the Union soldier comes with a poor grace from the town where the first shot was fired upon the Union flag. To be sure, the *News and Courier* tries to bolster up its cause by quoting remarks only less offensive from The New York *Times*. If it only knew how little help it got in that way.—*Tribune.*

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE.

Ex-Judge David S. Terry, the man who killed United States Senator David C. Broderick in September, 1859, and who was notorious, not only as a desperado, but as the husband of Sarah Althea Hill, the woman who tried to make out that she was at one time married to the millionaire Sharon, was shot through the heart and instantly killed by a deputy United States Marshal at Lathrop, Cal., on Wednesday of last week. Dispatches from that point of the 14th inst. give the following particulars:

Upon the arrival of the southern overland train here at 7 a. m. to-day Supreme Justice Stephen S. Field and a deputy United States Marshal David Nagle, walked into the depot dining room for breakfast and sat down side by side. Soon afterward Judge Terry and wife came in also. They were proceeding to another table when Mrs. Terry, evidently recognizing Judge Field, did not sit down but returned to the train for some unknown purpose.

Before she reached it however and as soon as she had left the dining room Judge Terry approached Justice Field and stooping over him slapped his face. At this juncture Deputy Marshal Nagle arose from his seat and shot Judge Terry through the heart. As he was falling the deputy marshal shot again but missed him, the bullet going through the floor. The judge did not utter a sound.

He had hardly fallen when Mrs. Terry rushed to the side of his body and threw herself upon it. Then ensued a scene of the wildest excitement. People rushed from the dining room and others rushed in. During this time Justice Field and Deputy Marshal ~~Nagle~~ [illegible] within. At times Mrs. Terry would call upon the citizens to arrest them.

Before the train pulled out Constable Walker entered the sleeper and was carried away on the train. He informed the spectators that he knew his duty and would perform it.

During the time the train was standing at the depot Mrs. Terry was running wildly alternately from the body of her husband to the sleeper, demanding admittance that she might slap Justice Field's face, and at the same time begging that they be detained and have their examination here.

Previous to the entrance of Constable Walker into the sleeper Sheriff Purvis and a deputy of Stanislaus county had already taken charge of Deputy Nagle.

After the shooting the deputy had backed up against the wall of the dining room and warned everyone not to arrest him, saying he was a United States officer in the discharge of his duty. There was no semblance of an attempt to molest him.

Constable Walker took Deputy Nagle from the train at Tracy and proceeded with him to Stockton where he is in jail.

District Attorney White ordered the arrest of Justice Field upon his arrival in San Francisco.

Judge Field gave the following version of the affair after his arrival in San Francisco:

"For the last few months all manner of reports public and personal have reached me that Judge Terry had threatened to subject me to some form of indignity if he should happen to meet me. This fact caused the United States Marshal to provide such protection as he could during my stay in this State.

"When I started for Los Angeles to hold court Deputy Nagle accompanied me. He seemed to be a quiet gentlemanly official, though I only met him twice while away from Los Angeles. He asked me in that city when I intended to return and accompanied me, taking a seat in the sleeping car opposite me. We heard this morning that Judge Terry and his wife were on the ~~train. When we arrived at Lathrop~~ we entered the eating station to get breakfast. I took a seat at the end of the table while Nagle sat on one side of me. Terry and his wife came in soon after.

"As soon as Mrs. Terry saw me she went out, as I afterwards heard, returning to the car for her satchel. Judge Terry arose and I supposed he intended accompanying her. Instead he walked back of me and struck me a heavy slap in the face. I was completely astonished and seeing he was making ready to strike again Nagle cried out 'Stop, Stop,' but Terry did not desist and as he was raising his arm a second time Nagle shot him, the bullet entering his heart. He fell to the floor, Nagle shooting a second time, but the second shot did not strike him.

"Deputy Nagle was arrested at Tracy and taken to Stockton to await the result of the inquest. That is the complete story as far as I am aware of the facts."

Protection was accorded to Justice Field, by authority of Atty Gen Miller, who telegraphed from Washington to the marshal of the district to see that the person of the justice was protected at any hazard.

The cause of Terry's enmity was because last year Judge Field while holding court in San Francisco, imprisoned him and his wife for contempt of court. The judge rendered a decision denying her claim to be the wife of Sharon. Mrs. Terry created a scene in court, charging Justice Field with being corrupt. The woman resisted a deputy marshal who tried to remove her. Terry interfered drawing a dagger. He was disarmed and Terry and his wife were adjudged in contempt and committed to jail.

The verdict of the entire country is that Nagle was justified in killing Terry.

WHAT "LIMITED" MEANS.

The old principle of corporations created by legislative act was that the property of every stockholder was liable for the debts of the company as the whole property of every member of a general partnership is still liable for the debts of the firm. This system made every shareholder responsible for bad management, of which he may not be guilty, and deterred wealthy men from becoming interested in the shares of corporations. To remove this objection the principle of limited responsibility was introduced and in order to notify the public that the separate property of the corporation was liable for the debts of the corporation, the English law requires that the word "limited" shall be used in every case by the company in connection with the title. Most American corporations are constituted on the principle of limited liability, and but few, if any, of the States enjoin the companies formed under their laws to append the word "limited" to their corporate titles. The matter is so generally understood in the United States by business men however, that it is not deemed necessary, though many companies do it of their own accord. The most noteworthy exception to the general rule is the case of the national banks, but even in this instance liability is limited to an amount equal to the par value of the shares held. That is if a national bank fails, each stockholder may not only lose what he has invested but $100 more for each share of the stock he holds, if so much is necessary to pay the debts of the bank.

PENNSYLVANIA DAY AT GETTYSBURG.

Although we have heretofore published the substance of the following circular recently issued by Adjutant General Hastings, we now publish it in full at the request of parties who intend to visit Gettysburg on the 11th and 12th of September.

Under the provisions of the Act approved May 8th 1889 authorizing the Adjutant General to furnish transportation to Gettysburg to certain soldiers in the late war, upon the occasion of the dedication of the monuments of the Pennsylvania organizations who participated in the battle of Gettysburg, the following information is published for the benefit of all interested:

1. Honorably discharged soldiers now resident in Pennsylvania whose names at the date of the battle were borne upon the rolls of any of the Pennsylvania organizations named in paragraph 2 of this circular are entitled to transportation from the railroad station nearest to their respective places of residence, by the shortest or most convenient route to Gettysburg and return. This transportation will allow the holder the privilege of remaining at Gettysburg not less than one week and of stopping off at any station en route. Members of the Grand Army of the Republic entitled as above who desire can have their transportation cover the period of the Annual Encampment, that is from September 5th to September 16th.

2. The Pennsylvania organizations referred to in the Act of May 8th, 1889 are the following, viz: 1st, 2d, 5th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th Regiments of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps. 11th, 23d, 26th, 27th, 28th, 42d, 46th, 49th, 53d, 56th, 57th, 61st, 62d, 63d, 68th, 69th, 71st, 72d, 73d, 74th, 75th, 81st, 82d, 83d, 84th, 88th, 90th, 91st, 93d, 95th, 96th, 98th, 99th, 102d, 105th, 106th, 107th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 118th, 119th, 121st, 139th, 141st, 142d, 143d, 145th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 153d and 155th Regiments of Infantry. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 8th, 16th, 17th and 18th Regiments of Cavalry. Batteries B (Cooper's), F (Ricketts') and G (Thomas') 1st Penna Light Artillery. Independent Batteries C (Thompson's), F (Knapp's) and F (Hampton's) Light Artillery, Battery H, (Ranks) 3d Pa. Heavy Artillery.

3. Soldiers of the above mentioned organizations (1) not honorably discharged or (2) who were mustered into service subsequent to the battle or (3) who are not now residents of Pennsylvania, are not entitled to transportation.

4. Soldiers of the above mentioned organizations who were honorably discharged before the date of said battle are not entitled to transportation. (Opinion of Attorney General dated July 29th 1889.)

5. Soldiers of other commands than those specified in paragraph 2 are not entitled to transportation. Therefore soldiers of other States and Regular troops, even though they participated in the battle and are now residents in Pennsylvania, are not entitled. Neither are men of organizations designated as Emergency regiments or companies so entitled.

6. Transportation cannot be furnished for relatives or attendants of soldiers entitled to transportation.

7. No provision has been made by the State for furnishing quarters or rations at Gettysburg. It is suggested however that inasmuch as the Department of Pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic will be in camp upon the battlefield from September 7th to the 13th, members of that organization arrange to be quartered with their respective Posts, or where their Posts do not attend, to secure quarters under the regulations established by the Grand Army of the Republic.

8. Blank applications for transportation have been provided by the Adjutant General, and can be obtained from the respective Secretaries of the several Regimental and Battery Associations. ~~[illegible]~~ be made to the Adjutant General at Harrisburg, Pa.

THE SIOUX LANDS OPEN.

By the consent of the occupying tribes 11,000,000 acres of the great Sioux reservation west of South Dakota will be sold to the United States government as soon as the formal report of the Commission is made and the transfer provided for. Great pressure and certain influences in addition to those offered by the government brought about the result. The Indians obtain fair pay for a stretch of land which they do not need, and there is added to South Dakota and opened to settlement a tract as large as Massachusetts and New Hampshire combined. In addition to the gain of the new state in area and population which this session will bring there is the advantage of direct communication with Black Hills and the union of the two sections of South Dakota, between which the great Indian reservation has hitherto stood like an impassable wall. Railroads now stopped at its boundary will soon pierce it and make of South Dakota a compact state. A rush of settlers into the reservation like that to Oklahoma may be expected. The prizes to be scrambled and fought for are more numerous than in the case of Oklahoma. It is estimated that seventy thousand families can be accomodated with farms on the land to be opened to settlement. The overflow of disappointed Oklahomites will tend in this direction and the east will doubtless furnish thousands of new recruits to the army of land seekers.

WATTERSON, of the Louisville *Courier Journal* thus rebukes the mugwumps for their attacks on P. M. Genl Wanamaker: "But the truth of history requires us to say that Mr. Wanamaker is not, and has not been for years engaged in selling clothing, using a technical phrase. On the contrary he has an establishment as was Mr Stewart's; he has an establishment greater in extent, more comprehensive, more admirably organized and evincing higher mercantile and executive qualities than that of Mr. Stewart. Its interests extend to two continents. It employs thousands of men and women, a great industrial result in economy, of which the consumer receives his share, and the establishment is so extensive, so thoroughly equipped, so perfectly organized as to be one of the marvels of commercial life in America. Outside barbarians that we are, we fail to see how such labor and such success disqualifies Mr Wanamaker for public service. We have not believed that it did.

A DISPATCH from Olean to the New York *Press* of August 15th says "Twenty robbers boarded a freight train of the Western New York and Pennsylvania railroad at Irvineton yesterday, intimidated the trainmen, and broke open and robbed the cars of a large quantity of goods. Officers were sent from here and four of the robbers captured. A quantity of the goods was found hidden in a haymow and brought here."

THE Philadelphia *Times*, which has not a passion for saying good words for Republicans, has this to say about the Republican candidate for State Treasurer: "Mr Boyer is a highly creditable candidate for State Treasurer. He is a young man, but he is old enough for first class official work, and he proved his ability, integrity and discretion both on the floor and in the Speaker's chair of the House. He is a thoroughly clean man in public and private, he is creditable in ability and possesses quite sufficient individuality to keep himself and his office above the reach of mean ambition or dishonest greed. He is certainly as strong as any man the party could have presented and his election may be regarded as more than probable."

IT is just possible that much of the alleged rejuvenescence resulting from the injection of the Brown-Sequard elixir of life may be due to the imagination. The story of a man who was cured of a fever by the thermometer which his physician put under the patient's tongue when taking his temperature is an old one and worthy of belief.—*Chicago News.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Smethport Odd Fellows Hall Association of Smethport, Pa., at the store of H. W. Pulis until 6 o'clock p. m. September [illegible] 1889 for the erection of a [illegible] Plans and Specifications can be seen on application to H. W. Pulis, Treasurer, at his store. [illegible] The Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

NOTICE - TO - BUILDERS!

FIRST-CLASS QUARRY STONE

For Cellars at $1 per perch of 24 feet mason measurement delivered. Also Building Stone for Water Tables, Windows, Sills and general Trimmings for Brick Buildings.

S. A. BACKUS

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 22 1889.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday May 31st 1889, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas at the borough of Smethport, Pa. on Monday the 9th day of Sept. A. D. 1889 and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Pa., Aug. 20th 1889 and in the 114th year of the independence of the United States of America.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Trial List.

For Second Monday of September, A. D. 1889.

1. W. D. Galup vs G. F. Bays. No. 240, May term 1889. Feigned issue.

2. Mrs M. A. Harm now for use of S. G. Sike vs H. B. Huff and L. A. Ege partners doing business as Huff Bros & Co and R. A. Dempsey assignee. No. 223, May term 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit set off payment with notice of special matter to be set forth at large after.

3. Stillman L. Lincoln and Eliza L. Lincoln, his wife, in right and for use of said Eliza L. Lincoln vs Wm. H. Webster, Robert T. Lane. No. 43, May term 1887. Ejectment for 31 2-10 acres of land in Bradford township, McKean county, Pa., parts of lot Nos. 173 and 35, and a part of Warrant No. 3136. Plea—Not guilty.

4. Stillman L. Lincoln and Eliza L. Lincoln his wife in right and for use of said Eliza L. Lincoln vs P. J. Webster. No. 650, May term 1887. Ejectment for 31 2-10 acres of land in Bradford township, McKean county, Pa., parts of lots Nos. 173 and 35 and a part of warrant No. 3136. Plea—not guilty.

5. Stillman L. Lincoln and Eliza L. Lincoln his wife, in right and for use of said Eliza L. Lincoln, vs Hiram Hazzard, W. C. Husband, A. O. Fairman and E. O'Day, Joseph Seep, man as American Oil Company, Robert Derby and —— Jones as Mechanic Oil Company and Dr. —— Dun & Company, W. R. Weaver, F. K. Hamsher, W. W. Clark, Mrs Hattie McAllister, Bridget Mack, Ira Smith, David M. Kennedy, C. H. Morris, Mrs. M. Donnelly, Walter Drennan, C. H. Woodward, J. E. Stafford, M. J. Locke, George Delamp, H. Hazzard, John McGinley, George Camp, Martin W. Woodward, John Scanlon, Jerry Hayes, J. Eugene Jones, Almon Dickinson, J. D. Turk, Levi Hicks, Peter Lorger, Adam Fisher, J. E. Manning, Levi Dunning, Mrs. [illegible], Nathaniel Watkins, G. J. [illegible], J. M. Gardner, H. F. Laffler, J. H. Bowen, M. H. Kane, James Martin, Mrs. C. A. Gardner, C. C. Wilson, Joseph Ratliffs, D. McGinley. No. [illegible] May term [illegible]. Ejectment for [illegible] acres of land in Bradford township, McKean county, Pa. parts of lots No. [illegible] and [illegible] and part of warrant No. 3136. Plea—Not guilty.

6. The Township of Foster vs A. P. Sprague, A. J. Bishop. No. 32, February term 1881. Appeal from Auditor's Report. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave to give special matter, &c.

7. A. Wyckoff vs Jonas Artley, L. F. Bensingtoff, J. H. Butler, C. A. Cornen, D. Cornen, Daniel Carrigan, Lewis A. Fisher, Joseph Flynn, J. H. Flynn, C. H. Foster, M. A. Haggerty, Kamacher, J. M. Holler, P. A. Knight, Charles Kurtz, G. A. Larkey, J. C. Lineman, A. J. Lineman, H. G. Mitchell, J. K. Mitchell, G. W. Mitchell, R. D. Newman, M. F. Nutting, L. J. O'Hern, Benjamin Paradise, O. T. Spencer, F. E. Sherman and J. C. Brenneman, late partners doing business as the Kendall Water Works. No. 347, October term, 1884. Assumpsit. Plea—Defendants served pleads non assumpsit, payment with leave to give special matter in evidence. Statute of Limitation, set off, etc.

8. Mary [illegible] Kremer by her next friend, P. Kearns vs The Rochester and Pittsburgh Railroad Company. No. 13, December Term 1881. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

9. John W. Martin vs The Duke Centre Gas Co. No. 5, December term 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

10. H. Watkins vs A. P. Carter et al. doing business as the Duke Centre Gas Co., and Henry Carter, Agent. No. 25, December term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

11. E. H. Murray, now for use of Jno. B. Chapman, vs Patrick Lynch. No. 198, December term 1884. Case in Trover and Conversion. Plea—Non-assumpsit, set off, payment with leave, &c.

12. D. C. Orster, Alfred Short, W. H. Horton, J. S. Cartwright, partners doing business as The Ridgway Lumber Company, limited, vs. A. P. Bannon, D. D. Coleman. No. 201 October term 1885. Trespass vie et armis de bonis asportatis. Plea—No guilty.

13. [illegible] Harding vs Frank Smith and C. Foley, doing business as Smith & Foley. No. 16, December term 1885. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

14. James A. Anderson vs Hamilton township. No. [illegible], October term 1886. Assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave &c., and set off.

15. G. N. Grow vs John Gridley & Son. No. 173, December term 1886. Judgment opened. Plea—Payment with leave &c.

16. Alfred Short vs F. E. Wood. No. 35, February term 1887. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment with leave, &c.

17. Henry H. Cratz vs D. E. Lay. No. 69, October term 1887. Replevin. Plea—Non cepit and property in himself.

18. J. C. Head and Harriets P. Head his wife, right of wife, vs James E. Webster and Julia Smith, Defendants, Harrison Holmes and Mary A. Holmes, his wife, Garnishees. No. 239, December term, 1887. Foreign Attachment in assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, set off, payment with leave, &c.

19. M. J. Colcord vs Peter Sharp. No. 97, December term, 1887. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

20. E. H. Hoag & Co vs W. F. Ormsby. No. 27, May term 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave, &c.

21. James Halpin vs The New York Lake Erie and Western Railroad Co. No. 155, May term, 1888. Trespass. Plea—Not guilty.

22. John Ernest vs J. H. Dilks. No. 187 May term, 1888. Appeal. Plea—Non-assumpsit.

23. G. W. Gillilan vs Henry C. Shaw and Myra Shaw his wife. No. 213, May term, 1888. Ejectment. Plea—Not guilty.

24. Maria Dexter and L. C. Dexter, administrators of Keziah L. Dexter, deceased, vs C. L. Bellows, administrator of the estate of Riley S. Dexter deceased, and C. I. Medbury, A. H. Medbury, A. A. Bridge and Maria Bridge. No. 246, May Term 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment and set off.

25. Patrick Holcahey vs J. K. Wallace. No. 270, October term, 1888. Appeal. Plea—Non-assumpsit.

NEW GROCERIES.

We have just received a supply of good fresh groceries which we will sell at a slight advance over wholesale prices.

New Full Cream Cheese.

First-class Flour also on hand.

The goods are all fresh and first-class. Call and try them.

MRS. JOHN TRACY.

Smethport, August 2d, 1889.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WHAT SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES

CONSUMPTION
SCROFULA
BRONCHITIS
COUGHS
COLDS
Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer.

Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday, May 31st 1889, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas at the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday, the 3d day of September 1889.

Dated at Smethport, Aug. 16 1889, and in the 114th year of the Independence of the United States.

SMETHPORT BAND—Now open for engagements. Military music satisfactorily furnished for public amusements. Prices reasonable. Address F. W. BAKER, Manager, Smethport Pa.

Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO ANNOUNCE that he has sold out his business on Mechanic street and desires an immediate settlement with all persons indebted to him.

CHAS. A. KRUGER.

Smethport, July 31, 1889-tf.

For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a pair of young [illegible] [illegible] years old, well broke, [illegible] weighing 2200 lbs. Terms [illegible] with approved security.

GEO. W. KING.

East Smethport, Aug. [illegible] 1889.

Notice.

FIRST CALL. The subscribers to the stock of the Smethport Odd Fellows' Hall Association are hereby notified to pay 25 per cent of their subscriptions to the Secretary of said Association. By order of the Directors.

H. M. CHOATE, Sec'y.

Smethport, Pa., July [illegible] 1889.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, etc., at a session thereof to be held at Smethport, Penna., on Tuesday, September 3d, A. D. 1889, for the transfer from Fred Heckel, now residing at No. 1 Chambers street in the first ward of the city of Bradford, my present occupation being that of a clerk, of a certain license for a hotel known as the Union House, situate on the south side of Main street in the first ward of the city of Bradford, Penna. at Nos. 126 and 128 Main street, which license was on the 18th day of May, 1889, granted to one Louis Marks, to commence and be in force and end on June 1st, A. D. 1890, for one year.

FRED HECKEL.

Bradford, Aug. 6, 1889—4t.

Furniture and Undertaking.

New Goods Received Every Week!

We guarantee Prices always the Lowest. All goods delivered FREE.

In the undertaking line we give careful and intelligent service.

Bodies preserved as long as desired. Personal attendance at all funerals when required. The finest hearse in the county.

Give me a call and I will convince you that I do business on the square.

Respectfully,

F. A. CARTER, Eldred, Pa.

1-11-89.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE United Lumber Company, Limited, has been dissolved by the unanimous resolution of said company, and all business of the same will be wound up and closed. All persons having any claims against said United Lumber Company, limited, are requested to present them at once to J. J. Newman, Buffalo, N. Y., or to Sheridan Gorton, attorney, Smethport, Pa.

F. H. GOODYEAR, Chairman.

J. J. NEWMAN, Secretary.

June 28, 1889-4t.

EMIL THAMM,

Manufacturer of

CIGARS

And Dealer in

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, PIPES, ETC.

49 MAIN STREET,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

Next door to Callor's Drug Store. July 19-6m

WANTED RELIABLE, ENERGETIC MEN AS SALESMEN. Truthful men—No liars wanted. Now blood—no old sealy agents, that can't maintain a position with a reliable firm. Experience not required. We can make a good salesman of any pushing active man. Salary and expenses (or commission). Stock guaranteed true. E. W. FOSTER & CO. NURSERYMEN, BOX 3. GENEVA, NEW YORK.

LEONARD KOENIG,

PAINTER AND DECORATOR,

HERZOG HOUSE, MILL STREET,

SMETHPORT, PA.

FURNITURE

Established, 1836.

BUY OF THE MAKER

To out of town trade we have an Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. We pay the freight.

HERSEE & CO.,

Mammoth :-: Retail :-: Manufacturers,

247 to 255 Ellicott Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

We Lead But Never Follow.

Your Homes—How to Furnish Them.

The homes of the wealthy as well as those of the working people can be furnished by the manufacturers with furniture, and everything in the line of housekeeping at more reasonable prices than from any other party. We have a magnificently assorted stock of parlor suites of the latest designs, upholstered in elegant styles of Plushes, Brocatelle, Wilton Rugs, Hair-cloth, etc. Our Cabinets, Side-boards, Desks and Chamber Suites are of the most modern styles, all of which will be sold at such prices as must defy competition. All tastes can be satisfied, and orders are immediately supplied. All visitors are politely waited on whether they purchase or not. About 30 per cent. can be saved by leaving your orders at our establishment.

No one who is interested in Furniture if only to the extent of a very plain chair, can afford to overlook the superb assortment we are showing.

Out of a stock so exhaustive as ours embracing, as it does, every reliable grade of Furniture in an almost unlimited assortment of styles, it is scarcely safe to allow ourselves to select any piece for special mention since in doing so we must seem to discriminate unjustly against so many others equally worthy of notice.

We will Quote a few price instances

A NEW LINE OF SIDEBOARDS Deserve special mention. Handsome in design and finish, at prices surprising they are so little. In all woods from $12.00 to $150.00.

DINING ROOM SUITES Attract attention, because of their chaste appearance and reasonableness in cost.

DINING ROOM TABLES A very long string. A good article at $5.60. From that up to $75.00.

DINING ROOM CHAIRS Plenty. Nice ones covered with leather from $3.50 to $10.00. Fine high back all oak chair, $1.00, very desirable.

NEW PARLOR SUITES Fine Designs graceful, receding backs—every line a curve—arms, legs, backs all artistically fashioned in eye-pleasing bends; splendidly upholstered with Silk Plush and Brocatelle, $75.00. This is only one of many we have.

PARLOR SUITES Thoroughly well made and good at $40.00, $45.00, $50.00 and upwards.

SOME REAL BARGAINS.

BED ROOM SUITES. The margin isn't large enough to allow more than a bare mention of our

VERY CHEAP SUITES At $17, $19, $22, $28, $36, and $32.

OVER 200 STYLES OF BED-ROOM SUITES. Too many to permit even a hint at description.

Our house is full of Art Works most beautiful in Furniture, arches, carvings, luxuriously contrived Chairs, Divans, Sofas, everything required to furnish a house from KITCHEN TO GARRET.

And we're just as careful to be right in small things as in large.

~~Hat Racks, $1.00 to $10.00.~~

Marble Top Tables $5.00 to $15.00.

Rattan Rockers, $2.50 to $10.00.

We have six large floors fitted with furniture which we claim is worth looking at. When you come to the City be sure and call on us; our store is one of the sights of the City. Remember when you buy of us you buy of the maker. Remember when you buy of us you buy of a firm that has been making Furniture for fifty three years.

Remember we pack goods and pay the freight free of charge.

SMETHPORT

GRADED SCHOOL!

The Academic Department offers

TWO THOROUGH COURSES

adapted either to those who want to teach in the common schools and to those who wish a GOOD ACADEMIC COURSE, or to those who desire a FULL CLASSICAL COURSE AND PREPARATION FOR COLLEGE.

All Departments Are Thoroughly Graded—Six Teachers.

Rates of tuition.

Academic, per month	$2 00
Intermediate, per month	1 50
Primary, per month	1 00

Opens Sept. 2, 1889.

For particulars address

W. I. SHERO, A. B., Principal.

FIRST-CLASS

BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreuger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS

for Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Breaks if desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 6th, 1889.

KERNS & POWELL,

Successors to Brooks & Ogilvie,

Contractors -:- and -:- Builders,

And Dealers in all kinds of

DRESSED LUMBER.

All business entrusted to their hands will be given prompt attention and satisfactorily done.

SHOP ON FULTON STREET,

In Rear of Hamlins Bank, SMETHPORT, Pa.

2-8-89-6m.

FREE $85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

PROF. J. REYNOLDS,

TEACHER OF

BRASS AND REED BANDS,

Will take a few bands in McKean county to instruct. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms moderate. Address at once,

J. REYNOLDS,

Aug. 9-8t Smethport, Pa.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED.

Slaughter in Prices!

Notwithstanding the season is not yet half over, we will offer for sale all of our summer goods at, and even below, cost, in order to dispose of them as soon as possible.

Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, will go regardless of cost.

Summer Dress Goods way down to rock bottom prices.

We have some fine dress Sateens which we will sell for a trifle.

Good 8 and 10 cent Challies marked down to 6 cents a yard.

We are pleased with our shoe and slipper trade, and will continue to give bargains in the shoe line.

Next week we will have something more to say about the shoe business.

Mrs. T. D. NASH.

Smethport Pa., July 18 1889.

TWO CHOICE SCHOOLS

Brooke Hall,

For Girls and Young Ladies.

Shortlidge Media Academy,

For Boys and Young Men.

SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A.M. (Harvard Graduate),

MEDIA, PENNSYLVANIA (NEAR PHILADELPHIA).

Legal Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ANY person found carrying off or in any way molesting any of the property in or around the saw mill of the subscriber, in Christian Hollow, Norwich township, including buildings, slabwood, machinery, etc., will be dealt with according to law.

GEO. W. HUTTON.

Newerf, July 8th 1889.

CHAMBERLAIN INSTITUTE

AND FEMALE COLLEGE,

RANDOLPH, N. Y.

This is a school for both sexes. Has been established and well known for forty years. Is well equipped with all appliances of a first-class seminary. Location, twenty miles from Chautauqua Lake, not surpassed in beauty and healthfulness by that of any other school in the country. President and faculty reside with the students and give care to their health, manners and morals. The Music Department is under the instruction of a graduate of the N. Eng. Conservatory. The Commercial College is thorough and practical. Fall term opens September 3, 1889. Address for illustrated catalogue, (free) REV. J. T. EDWARDS, D. D., Prest.

12t—Aug 23-Nov 8 15,-Mch. 7, 14.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Of This and Neighboring Towns.

I now offer an extra quality of

Lime, Calcined Plaster

Washed Hair and Land Paster

for the lowest prices ever offered in this town. To those who wish to use any

CEMENT OR WATER LIME,

for walls or cellar bottoms, I wish to say that I have a large quantity of these for corresponding prices. These goods are stored in most central location for the entire neighborhood, and as I buy in large quantities, have no expense for storage or transportation from railroad, I cannot, much less will not, be undersold. Special prices offered to jobbers. Mechanics or any one wishing a large quantity, come and get or write for prices before buying elsewhere.

J. M. TRACY,

5-3-89-3m. EAST SMETHPORT

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wolesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

Nearly opposite Catholic church Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

Good Business Location.

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the store room and cellar under it now occupied by D. C. Young in the Backus building opposite the Court House. Possession given on the first of September next. ALSO—the dwelling house now occupied by herself and family adjoining the Backus block on Main street. Possession given on the first of October next.

MRS. J. C. BACKUS.

Smethport, July 24, 1889-tf.

WHITFIELD & OLMSTEAD

HOUSE

SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTERS,

Mechanic St., Smethport, Pa

Photo Copying in Crayon

A LIFE SIZE PORTRAIT IN ELEGANT GILT FRAME FOR ONLY TEN DOLLARS.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

All Styles, Prices, Grades and Terms.

FIRST-CLASS

BUGGIES AND ROAD CARTS

at prices that will surprise you. Air Rifles [illegible]. The neatest Writing Desk out. Lumber Goods (Archer brand) wholesale and retail. Everything in Rubber Stamp line. Printing Presses, Seal Presses, etc.

W. A. WOODBURY,

3-29tf 43 and 45 Mechanic St. Bradford, Pa.

BROWNELL BROS

—IS—

HEADQUARTERS!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

ETC., ETC.

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

January 1, 1886.

A Good Living For Every Man WILLING TO WORK

GOOD PAY!

Write to W. & T. SMITH, Nurserymen, Geneva, N. Y., for terms. Unequaled facilities. Many valuable specialties. One of the largest and best known Nurseries in the country—Established 1846. Geneva Nursery.

TAYLOR'S

Air-Tight Crystal Butter Package

Preserves and keeps butter in its natural flavor for any length of time. For sale in McKean and Elk county by

8-21 tf. BLAKE & WOOD, Eldred, Pa.

C. E. GROVER,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

And Proprietor of the

Port AlleganyPlaning Mill.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Siding, Flooring, Ceiling

BRACKETS, MOULDING, &c

All Kinds of

DRESSED LUMBER TO ORDER.

Plans and Specifications for Buildings furnished on application. All work guaranteed.

C. E. GROVER,

3-22-89-1y. PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The label on your paper shows the time to which it is paid. If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new one. If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, otherwise you will continue liable if the paper is sent to you whether you take it from the place or not. If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We mail every man's paper every week, and the fault is with the mails when not received.

Smethport, Pa., August 23, 1889.

B. S. ROGERS, Local Editor.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

Visiting season is now at its height.

The prospects are fair for a beautiful autumn.

The days are growing perceptibly shorter.

The last organ grinder of the season appeared Wednesday.

The glory of matured summer is now [illegible] to the fullest extent.

It must be a large flower garden, since all her inhabitants Oleanders?

A considerable amount of sympathy for [illegible] Sullivan prevails in this locality.

Who is the Smethport heroine of sensational article in Wednesday's *Star*?

[illegible] Smith, the opera house tonsorial artist has purchased a residence in Mechanicsburg.

The Democratic county convention will be held in this place on Tuesday, August 27th.

A very enjoyable party of young people picnicked on the summit of Prospect hill last Wednesday.

Andrew Reilly, Esq., has rebuilt the residence on his farm, that went up in smoke some months since.

There are about fifty men employed at present in S. J. Gifford's two lumbering establishments, in this place.

L. L. Bartle of Port Allegany, has taken charge of the mercantile establishment of J. A. Sanson, in Mt. Alton.

The contract for erection of the new [illegible] building was awarded to the well-known contractors and builders, Messrs. J. Baker & Sons of this place.

P. C. Freeman, of Farmers' Valley, had the misfortune to have a new rubber overcoat stolen from his carriage, on Main street, last Saturday night.

The man who gave the false alarm of fire on Wednesday, caused an unnecessary expense of wind and muscle, to those who hauled the carriage up town.

The sixth annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Unions of McKean county will be held in Eldred on the 12th and 13th of September.

The Oswayo Valley *Mail* recently entered its third volume. The *Mail* is a spicy little paper, and we wish genial [illegible] Herrick all manner of success.

Can it be possible that an Austin, Potter county editor has an idea of the dimensions of heaven from Prospect Hill? Guess how much is Butter-worth over in the Potter creamery?

An enjoyable "straw ride" was indulged in by some of Smethport's elite young people on Tuesday evening—notwithstanding that the straw was conspicuous by its absence.

Sparks from the smoke stack of Gifford's lower mill set fire to two buildings in East Smethport on Wednesday afternoon, but the flames were extinguished before any damage was done.

In regard to [illegible] of the State, the Ulysses *Sentinel* must understand that Ashburner's Geological Survey from which we quoted recently, is the best and latest authority on the subject.

Our attention has been called to the recent change in the time table of the B. B. & K. railroad, in consequence of which a short and convenient route to Buffalo is now available. See time table in another column.

Two light collisions were rumored to have taken place Wednesday on the W. N. Y. & P. railroad, between Clermont and Larrabee. Railroad accidents in this neighborhood are getting to be common occurrences.

The "elixir of life" was tested Thursday of last week in Bradford, on Charles Gilkes, William Chaffee and Alfred Gilmore, three gentlemen afflicted with paralysis. Good results were said to have followed the operations.

Virgil W. Howard died at Winnemucca, Nevada, on June 19, 1889, of pneumonia, aged 53 years. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. Eliza Horton of Kane, and N. Y., E. N. and Theron Howard of Custer City, Pa.

The ladies of the W.R.C. made four quilts for Johnstown, at the residence of Wm. Caskey, in Keating township, on Friday afternoon last. They said they tied them, and some of the old settlers [illegible] know what that means.

Mrs. Ada W. Horton, A. M., has again been elected principal of the Lewisville Graded School in Potter county for the coming year. Mrs. Horton is a graduate of Alfred University and for many years past has proven an accomplished teacher.

The McKean county board of underwriters at their last meeting elected the following officers: President, E. V. Cody, Bradford; Vice-President, John Troy, Olean; Secretary, Fred W. Groves, Bradford; Treasurer, William Haskell, Smethport.

—The fence law is thus concisely stated: "If every farmer remembers that he is bound to keep his own stock in, and not his neighbor's out, he will be safe. If a farmer does not keep stock, he is not compelled to erect any fences on his farm."

The Smethport Band will hold their first annual fair and dance in Kittredge opera house on the 11th, 12th and 13th of September. We understand that Walcott's orchestra of Olean, has been engaged and will furnish music for the occasion.

There is a report that a Tarport damsel drew $15,000 from the Louisiana lottery last week. All the dudes of the sequestered hamlet are on nettles, and if she desires to survive she had better withhold her secret, or many proposals will follow.—*Star*.

Comrade Wm. Caskey of Post 347 is an old chum of Lieut. Nate McKown of Tunkhannock, formerly of Co. C 58th Regt. P. V. He says Nate is in good [illegible] financially, and there is no better judge of a horse in the State, all of which we have no reason to doubt.

William F. Ormsby of Ormsby Junction met with a serious accident last Tuesday at Colegrove. While standing near the W. N. Y. & P. railroad track he was knocked down by an engine that was pushing a train up the grade. Dr. Brown of this place was summoned and made the injured man as comfortable as possible. Two broken ribs were the result of the accident.

—High Constable Burlingame wheeled a gentleman of bacchanalian temperament to the bilskie bastile on Wednesday night. The reveler had mistaken a Main street hall for the cave of Somnus. He was breathing off the fumes of an overfilled tank, in peaceful slumber when discovered.

—Heretofore the legal season for shooting partridges in the State of Pennsylvania, was from October 15th, to December 15th. The legislature of 1889 by a bill that has been approved by the Governor, cuts down the time to six weeks beginning the first of November and ending on the 15th of December.

—Commissioners Anglun and McKean were in town last Wednesday, and inspected the "Red house" river bridge. They found it in bad condition, and made arrangements to have it thoroughly repaired, under the management of E. R. Dolley. The bridge cannot be used at present, and is boarded up to prevent people from crossing.—*Port Allegany Reporter.*

—As an instance of what enterprise and liberality on the part of the citizens of most any place could do, Roanoke, Va is cited. Seven years ago it had a population of only 450. Now it has 15,000, and is growing rapidly. Inducements are held out to manufacturers to settle in the place, and industrial establishments are exempt from taxation for a number of years. Such of course would give most any town a boom.

—When it is remembered that the girl who cares for her looks takes a bath every night before going to bed, washes her teeth, brushes her hair back for 15 minutes, braids in a long braid, puts up a dozen front and back frizzes, puts cold cream on her face, glycerine and old gloves on her hands, ammonia on her chigger bites, and says her prayers, the wonder is that she can ever go to bed at all.—*Atchison Globe.*

—An exchange says that every newspaper should publish the fact that burnt corn is a sure cure for hog cholera. It was first discovered by the burning of a pile of corn belonging to a distillery at Peoria, Ill. It was thrown to the hogs and rapidly eaten by them. Before that time a number had been dying each day of cholera, but the disease immediately disappeared. The remedy is so simple that it can be easily tried.

—Christianity crosses continents and seas to seek and save the lost; kindles the light of hope in the convict's camp in stockade or mine; finds its way to the hospital and the prison where the sick are dying and the sinful are perishing; goes to the rough and out-of-the-way places of earth, where the least favored of our brothers and sisters are fighting their hard battle, unseen, unpitied, unhelped.—Nashville *Christian Advocate.*

—"Cap" Comes, who is engaged in the lumbering business in Norwich township, is of the opinion that the lumbermen of this section will be compelled to follow agricultural pursuits inside of a dozen years. The country is being rapidly denuded of its primeval forests of hemlock, and at the present rate, but a few years of the persistent swing of the axe will have sufficed to wipe out what remains of our woods. The climate in this locality has been visibly affected during the past few years by the clearing away of timber.

—The claims of the Prohibitionists that high license merely reduces the number of saloons without decreasing the amount of drinking or of crime is conclusively refuted by the experience of Philadelphia. According to the official report, the commitments to prison in that city for the year ending June 1, 1889, were over 10,000 less than for the preceding year, while the arrests for Sunday offences were not so many by 2,000. Figures of this kind beat idle assertions, and prove that high license is a practical and pronounced success.

—The purchase by the United States of the Sioux reservation, it is supposed, will throw open for settlement about 11,000,000 acres of rich, agricultural and grazing land, and will also open railroad facilities to the Black Hills, which are rich in mineral wealth. The name Black Hills, it is said, comes from the fact that they are covered with massive forests, which from a distance lend a sombre hue to them, and caused the Indians to give them the name "Black Hills." Between the hills are valleys as rich and fertile as can be found in the whole west.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Mrs. John Forrest, of Main street, is visiting in Buffalo.

Mr. Jno. Forrest has recently returned from a trip to Michigan.

Miss Mason and Miss Lulu Keenan are visiting friends in Eldred.

Miss Flora Parsons, of Water street, is visiting friends in Eldred.

Miss Bell of Oil City, is the guest of the Misses Choate of King street.

F. O. Wright of Kane, was circulating around town a few days this week.

Miss Sarah McNulty is enjoying her vacation at her home in this place.

Miss Emma Miller, of Port Allegany, is the guest of the Misses Tracy, of East Smethport.

Mrs. W. K. Wright of Renovo, is the guest of her brother-in-law, Landlord B. F. Wright of this place.

Dr. Burg Chadwick returned on Monday from Canisteo, N. Y. Mrs. Chadwick will remain there for a few weeks.

A. A. Stephens and daughter Mrs. C. W. Freeman, with little Vera, are visiting relatives and friends at Canisteo, N. Y.

Mr. E. W. Pierce and wife, of Buffalo, returned home Wednesday, after making their brother, Dr. F. C. Pierce a pleasant visit.

Judge and Mrs. T. A. Morrison will attend the meeting of the national encampment, G.A.R., at Milwaukee this week.

We regret to announce that Miss Ella Adams, who has been suffering from catarrh of the stomach for the past six weeks, is very low and cannot recover.

Mrs. Nell Ingham, who has been spending a few weeks with her friend, Miss Ethel Armstrong of this place, returned to her home in Canton, Pa., on Tuesday.

Tom Harrington, the former popular editor of the Coudersport *Workman*, which is now defunct, has been looking after interests in this town during the past week.

Miss Lillian Fickler of Coudersport, who has enjoyed a pleasant month's visit with her numerous relatives in Smethport and Keating township, will return home next Tuesday.

F. W. Brownell and Cashier Townsend of Hamlin's bank, are among the eminent gentlemen noted by the *Reporter* as being present at the K. O. T. M. picnic at Port Allegany last week.

George Backus of this place, accepted the position of advance agent for the Berry Brothers theatrical troupe that held the boards at Kittredge opera house last week. He is now on the road.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Almon Badger died on Saturday, August 17th, 1889, at the home of his son Byron in East Smethport, at the age of 85 years.

Mr. Badger was born in Union, Tolland county, N. J., on June 18th, 1804. At the age of 16 he came to this State, but eventually moved to Chautauqua county, N. Y., where he resided during a majority of his years. He was married in 1833 to Elizabeth Dolloff, who with two children, Byron and George, both of East Smethport, survive him. The deceased, who was generally beloved, had resided in the latter place about 13 years when death ushered him to the land of eternal peace.

The funeral services were held by Revs. Chandler and Storrs, and the remains were taken to Jamestown for interment on Monday morning.

Obituary.

Mary Ann, wife of Mr. G. T. Dennis of Eldred township, Pa., died on Friday, August 16th, 1889, at 6 p. m., aged [illegible] years.

The subject of this notice was born in Truxton, Cortland county, N. Y., May 12, 1821, and with her parents moved to this county 56 years ago and settled on a new farm a short distance below Little Genesee. On March 13, 1846, she was married to Mr. G. T. Dennis, and in the spring of 1846 they moved to Iowa, but returned to this county in 1849, locating on their present farm. She has been in very poor health for several years past, but not until last June was seriously ill. From that time on she continued to grow worse, and although all that loving children and medical skill could do was done for her relief, her case was hopeless, and on Friday last she passed peacefully away, counseling words of advice to each of her family and friends to meet her in heaven. She was a devout christian and a beloved member of the Eldred M. E. church.

Mrs. Dennis leaves an aged husband, and seven grown up children, five sons and two daughters, and a large circle of friends to mourn the loss of a devoted wife, a loving mother and kind neighbor.

The Great Firemen's Parade.

In speaking of the firemen's parade which takes place in Bradford next week, the *Star* says: "The annual parade and tournament of the Bradford Fire Department for 1889 will excel all other events of the kind ever witnessed in this city. The statement is authorized by those having the affair in hand. It will take place on the 29th, and we are promised one of the handsomest parades and the largest display of brave firemen ever seen in the city. Visiting fire companies will be here from Auburn, Altoona, Ashtabula, Suspension Bridge, Jamestown and other cities. The Logan Hook and Ladder company, of Auburn, is one of the best drilled companies in New York State. It is provided with two full uniforms, one for day and the other for night parade. While here it will favor our citizens with an exhibition night drill and parade, which form a unique and interesting feature of the occasion. The annual parade of the Bradford Fire Department is an occasion as prominent in the calendar as any national holiday, and one in which every citizen of Bradford feels a personal interest. That the occasion will this year be worthy of the department and creditable to our thriving city is now assured."

A NEW line of four-in-hands at E. S. McCarty's.

Northwestern Association Re-union.

The annual re-union of the Northwestern Association, G. A. R., was held at Greenville, Mercer county, on Tuesday last, and was very largely attended. There were a greater number of Posts represented and more comrades in line during the parade than at Bradford one year ago, but the crowd of people was not as large. At the business meeting which was held after the parade, the following officers were elected: Maj. Charles Miller of Franklin, for the fourth time, President of the Association; Col. O. S. Jackson of New Castle, S. V. President; Gen. D. B. McCreary of Erie, J. V. President; George S. Shattuck of Meadville, for the fifth time, Treasurer; Rev. T. W. Chandler of Smethport, reelected Chaplain, and Dr. J. R. Caldwell of New Hamburg, Mercer county, Surgeon.

The location of the next re-union was left to the officers of the Association with three comrades from the northeastern counties to be named by the President. An Executive Committee was elected the names of which we will publish hereafter. The out-door meeting in the afternoon and the camp-fire in the evening were attended by a large number of people who were addressed by Department Commander Stewart, Judge Harry White of Indiana, Col. Chill Hazard of Monongahela City, and the well-known elocutionist, Miss Lillian Burkhart of Pittsburgh. The re-union in every particular was a great success, and for it much credit is due the local committee at Greenville.

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

Buffalo International Fair.

At the horse show of the Buffalo International Fair, September 3d to 13th, there will be on exhibition the tiniest horse in this country. It is owned by Geo. Daniel and Sons of Rochester, N. Y. It sounds like a fairy tale to say that this horse weighs only 23 pounds, yet it is an actual fact, and it is as perfect a horse as has ever been foaled. It is only a little over three weeks old, but it is as active and inteligent as one of seven months. The mother of this tiny little beauty is a handsome black mare, imported from Scotland last fall. She is four years old, and does not weigh as much as 200 pounds. The mother will be exhibited with her colt, and between them they will receive admiration and attention from the ladies and children that will make many of the larger, but quite as susceptible to admiration horses, jealous. The fact that this beautiful little colt is the smallest known to have been foaled, ought alone, to attract hundreds of people out of simple curiosity, without the additional gift of beauty to attract admirers. What a fortunate and happy little creature it must be to know that it is the smallest and most perfect horse ever known, and to possess a mother who is herself a tiny professional equine beauty.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday next—Morning Prayer and Litany, 10:30 a. m. Evening Payer and Anthem, 8 p. m.

All Saints Chapel at East Smethport; Evening Prayer at 2:30 p. m.

A New Story.

We want all of our readers to read Hersee & Co., of Buffalo N. Y., new advertisement. This is the story condensed in a nut-shell; Six large Warerooms filled with the newest, finest, best and cheapest things you can find in the furniture world. At their large factory you can see them make the furniture that they sell. It will pay you to give them a call.

About Newspapers.

It was about 45 years ago that a rugged, rather handsome young man from near Frewsburg, Chautauqua county, N. Y., left his father's farm and went to Jamestown to learn to set type, in the old *Journal* office. He seemed to be impressed with the idea that he had the ability to make an editor but he wanted to know something about the mechanical part of the business before he grasped the mental. The *Journal* establishment was at that time owned by the late Adolphus Fletcher and was manned by Charley Kinney, foreman, F. W. Palmer, (the present Government Printer) journeyman, Eb. Upham, senior apprentice, and the writer of this junior apprentice, or devil. The young Frewsburg farmer and school teacher didn't ask wages; he was willing to "work for nothing and board himself," if he was only granted the privilege of learning to set type. He was taken in, much to the delight of the devil, for he was soon inducted into the mysteries of not only type-setting but of shoving a roller over the newspaper forms on a Washington press, which job the junior apprentice had monopolized for something over a year up to that time. The young Frewsburg farmer made rapid progress and in a year's time he had gained as much information of the mysteries in the "art preservative" as many young men would in three years. We cannot now recall the time he spent in the *Journal* office, but it could not exceed eighteen months before he was starting the *Allegheny Mail* in Warren. The reader has by this time correctly inferred that the young farmer and school teacher was none other than Hon. Ephraim Cowan of the Warren *Mail*, at present private secretary of Hon. F. W. Palmer, Government Printer. Of course this narrative dispels into thin air the sensational yarn which has of late been floating around the country, about Cowan having once been a successful journalist in Jamestown, and taking the boy Palmer in his rags and making a man of him, and all that, which first appeared in the Philadelphia *Record*. Cowan was never a journalist until he took hold of the Warren *Mail*, but that he was not mistaken as to his abilities when he entered the *Journal* office "way back in the forties," has since been thoroughly demonstrated. In the forty-one years of the *Mail's* existence it has been a power in the newspaper field and has long been recognized as one of the most intelligently edited papers in the State. The business management of the paper is now controlled by Mr. Cowan's two sons but the father does a large portion of the editorial work. The *Mail* is as thoroughly identified with the prosperity of the town in which it is published as any one agency and it deserves to be well sustained as it always has been.

The Warren *Ledger* is only a year the junior of the *Mail* in age. The last issue was the anniversary of its 41st birthday, and it published a "bit of history" showing the trials and tribulations through which the paper has passed to attain its present commanding position as one of the leading journals of Pennsylvania. The paper is a credit to Warren and is entitled to the prosperity it is enjoying.

The Sugar Grove *News* is dead. Its proprietor, J. Warren Fletcher, our last boss in the old Jamestown *Journal* office, seems to be unfortunate in his newspaper enterprises. Somehow he never makes a "go" of them. But then he kept the *News* alive much longer than we supposed he would when he started it, and as his old foreman, Government Printer Palmer, has given him a good position in Washington, perhaps its just as well to let the *News* "go up the spout."

"It's an ill wind that blows no one any good." So we thought when we received the Chautauqua *Democrat* the other day. We have never been favored with an exchange from Jamestown excepting a Swede paper, which we can't read but which is greatly enjoyed by our hired girl; therefore we continue the exchange. The *Democrat* has taken the contract to supply the subscribers of the defunct Sugar Grove *News* with papers as long as their subscription lasts. The publisher of the *Democrat* may discover our name on that list and strike us off, but we hope not.

A New Industry in Bradford.

In the issue of the Pittsburgh *Commercial-Gazette* of August 9th, a very interesting letter appeared from Bradford from the pen of a representative of that paper who was sent there to write up its industrial enterprises and the reasons for the growth of the town if any existed. The writer starts in with his three and a half column letter as follows: "There is no use talking to the contrary, Bradford is growing and growing rapidly. On the streets and within doors are bold and irrefutable evidences of this, and it can be said that here at least is one old oil town, famous the world over for many years, that has not been left to crumble away in lethargy. Never before in the history of the place has there been such substantial development of commerce, and there is that confidence manifested in the resources the city affords for doing business that foretells a permanent continuation of this prosperity."

The writer gives considerable space in describing the several industrial establishments, including the Pennsylvania Storage Lumber company with their twelve million feet of stock on hand, the window-glass works of Taylor, Swoop & Lewis, the Central Iron Works of Boyd & Seyfang, including their new plant for the manufacture of boilers, etc., the machine and wood-work shops of the Oil Well Supply Co., limited, the Tuna Iron Works of W. C. Walker & Co., and others. In reference to the new refining works of the Emery Manufacturing Company he has this to say, which will be read with interest by all the people of this county:

In addition to the manifold industries here running to their fullest capacity to supply the demands for tools, machinery, etc., used in searching for and producing oil, is a modern plant, supplied with every improved device for the manufacture of specialties from crude petroleum, constructed and owned by the Emery Manufacturing Company on a seven-acre plot of ground just north of the city and adjoining Kendall. The products of this institution are high-test burning oils, and an article they are now making that is meeting with much favor wherever introduced is their "petroleum linsine," used in the mixing of paints, taking the place of linseed oil. Their entire works will be completed and in full operation by about the middle of October, and then they will consume 1,000 barrels of crude per day. They will be operated by an entirely new system, called the Hall improved process. The Hall system gives a continuous distillation, and this industry will be the only one in the country having it in use. When it can be said that Mr. L. Emery, Jr., the proprietor, has a pipe line of his own, a tank line of his own, owns a sufficient production of crude to supply the works, has a house in Philadelphia supplied with plenty of tankage and distributing wagons with which to speedily deliver his products to dealers, and in fact is provided with everything to perfect such an enterprise, it can be safely said that the success of the Emery Manufacturing Company is assured, and that Bradford can lay claim to the most modern oil industry of the age. Mr. Emery is one of the "old-timers" in the oil business, having followed it since 1865, when he made his debut at Pithole. He came to this city July 28, 1875, and in the following September completed three miles north of here by contract the second well in the Bradford field. His experience in the refining of petroleum is also quite extended, he having been one of the firm of Logan, Emery & Weaver, of Philadelphia, who disposed of their plant there in 1887.

KANE TALK.

The average Kane girl's heart is the abode of pity. The wise young men of town know what to do when the time comes.

Blackberries are plenty, but pickers are plentier.

Ralph Crossmire of Farmers' Valley, is visiting Mrs. M. Crossmire and children.

Our next postmaster is busy picking berries.

Hon. L. Rogers spent several hours in Kane on Monday with his many friends. He was on his way to Greenville to attend a reunion of the old soldier boys.

F. D. Leonard of Buffalo, is in town.

The clerk at the St. Elmo hotel says he will wear a coat and vest after October 1st.

Berry Brother's comedy company drew big houses here Monday and Tuesday evenings.

What are the attractions at or near the Kane spring water company's tanks?

The bricklayers are at work on Scipio Young's new block.

Work on the new M. E. church is progressing rapidly. Roy Brothers did the stone work and it is a thing of beauty.

Hon. T. A. Morrison and wife passed through Kane last Saturday en route for Milwaukee. They were the guests of Joshua Davis while in Kane.

H. H. Corson is attending the Erie races with his trotter Olympia.

There are eight new oil rigs building near or in the borough limits. O. D. Coleman and Griffith & Wilson are the principal operators.

The picnic for the benefit of the new Catholic church netted $162 on last Saturday evening.

Little May, the eight-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rose died of consumption last week. Her remains were taken to Corry on Monday for interment.

An infant child of Harvey Worthington died on Friday last.

O. W. Hall is putting up a building for a restaurant on the George Weeks lot on Fraley street.

Grandpa and Grandma Looker now, and Billy McCauley is setting up the cigars.

Ten more carpenters could find employment in Kane, and two more hotels could be filled, and fifty houses are wanted! Oh, no, Kane isn't booming.

Parker & Keltz are moving their mammoth dry goods store into the room lately occupied by J. T. & W. Griffith.

Kane's pugilists were on their muscle on Saturday evening. After the scrap they were invited to call on 'Squire Gillis who repeated his usual pleasant ceremony of "$5 and costs." His winning ways persuade his callers to pay up rather than spend a night in the cooler.

Kane was well represented at the G.A. R. reunion at Greenville this week.

Arthur Brown is in Kane and backed by the best citizens and making acquaintances every day. It is impossible to find a single one who was in the crowd that attempted to tar and feather the young man two weeks ago. What marvelous changes take place in a large town in so short a time?

A large number of Kaneites both young and old are taking the elixir of life, prepared Dr. Genner of this place, and they expect to live forever. I hope they may realize their fondest anticipations and that your humble correspondent may attend all their funerals, is his prayer.

Mrs. Jacob Harris of Buffalo, is visiting her many friends in Kane.

HONEST RUBE.

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

CALL at Stan McCarty's opposite the court house, before you visit your best girl, and invest 50 cents in a handsome necktie.

CLERMONT CHATTINGS.

Miss Sigri Anderson is spending a few days visiting with Miss Thilie Peterson of Smethport.

C. H. Moore is again on crutches. He cut his foot the other day in attempting to use an axe.

C. A. Cole is going to move to Mt. Alton, where he will open up a meat market.

Miss Kate Sullivan is here visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. A. Anderson has returned home from a visit to her daughter at Olean.

Postmaster Butts has made arrangements so that mail for Buffalo leaves here every morning.

D. H. Sullivan formerly engineer on Clermont & Instanter railroad is now running from Buffalo to this place.

The Adams Express Co. have opened an office here. F. L. Wheeler is agent.

J. H. Tate and Jno. O. Sonburgh, directors of the Odd Fellows Building Association, attended a meeting of the directors at Smethport on Wednesday last.

Zag Boyer is visiting his parents in Clearfield county.

F. Cederskjold, of Mt. Jewett is doing the carpenter work for C. P. Erlandson.

DOOLLY DOOLL.

GENT'S furnishing goods at Stan McCarty's, opposite court house. 28t2

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

W. C. T. U. Convention.

The sixth annual meeting of the Womans' Christian Temperance Union of McKean county, will be held in Eldred, Thursday and Friday, September 12 and 13. Everyone is invited, and each Union is requested to send as large a delegation as possible. The exercises will be entertaining and instructive, and will close with an address by that National lecturer, Mrs. Clara Hoffman. By order of

MRS. H. C. CHAMBERS,
County President.

A HANDSOME line of neckware at E. McCarty's.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Badger of East Smethport, desire us to express their sincere thanks to all neighbors and friends who rendered such kind assistance during their late bereavement.

DON'T fail to look at the Forest City lawn mower before you purchase. They can't be beat. Sprague has them to sell.

Grape Juice For Sickness.

The art of cultivating the Oporto vines and fermenting the Oporto Grape into wine in this country, and of preserving the Grape Juice fresh without fermentation has been brought to a greater degree of perfection by Mr. Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., than by any other person: in fact, he was the pioneer in introducing and advertising Native Wines. He has purchased hundreds of tons of grapes, besides his own vintage. Mr Speer's success has arisen from the strict purity and valuable properties of his wines for invalids and feeble persons, and his reputation extends around the world.

CIGARS and tobacco, confectionery, soft drinks, fruits and gent's furnishing goods at E. S. McCarty's.

M. Edmond de Pressense, French Senator for life, the eminent Protestant divine and pulpit orator, has prepared for the September number of Harper's Magazine a faithful outline of the religious movement in France at the present time. While "it would be absurd," he says, "to imagine that French Protestantism is on the point of again taking possession of France," he regards it as a salutary element for the present and an important one for the future. Of French Catholicism he says that it "remains a great force in spite of the noisy manifestations of contemporary atheism." He points out the attention paid to social questions by the Protestant as well as the Catholic Church.

A HANDSOME line of gent's furnishing goods just received at E. S. McCarty's. Wool shirts, overalls, jumpers, etc.

News About Town.

It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with Coughs, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Any druggist will give you a trial bottle *free of cost*. It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.

Idleness is a Dangerous Fault

In the kidneys. When inactive they speedily fall into disrepair. Those obstinate and fatal maladies, Bright's disease and diabetes, ensue with terrible certainty upon the inaction of the organs affected. Catarrh of the bladder, enuresis, gravel and strangury are also to be apprehended from a partial paralysis of the bladder, of which weakness and sluggishness are the causes. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a fine tonic and promoter of activity for the renal organs, and one which can be relied upon to afford them the requisite stimulus without exciting them—an effect to be feared from the unmedicated alcholic excitant of commerce. A further beneficent effect of the Bitters, by renewing activity of the kidneys, is to enable them to drain from the blood in its passage through them, impurities productive of rheumatism and dropsy. Nervousness, fever and ague, constipation and dyspepsia are conquered by the Bitters.

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam for Coughs and Colds does is indeed wonderful. He authorizes all druggists to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

Testimonials for Dennis' Remedies.

TURTLE POINT, Pa., July 24, 1889.

DEAR SIR:—I have taken one bottle of your Blood, Liver and Kidney Cure, and used one package of your Vegetable Compound which cost me only $1 50 and will cheerfully recommend it highly for Rheumatism, for it has helped me very much. Yours Truly, Mrs. Mary L. Gardiner.

Mr. B. W. Vallen of Westport, Clinton County, Pa., writes:
Mr. G. T. Dennis,

DEAR SIR:—I have been selling your medicines on Kettle Creek, this county and they give good satisfaction. Mrs. Emeline Brooks says that she thinks that your Liver Pills are just the thing for Constipation of the bowels, and can't be beat. I have used your Cough Syrup, Balm of Gilead Salve and Medicated Soap and find that they are all that they are recommended to be, especially the Soap and Salve will just knock poison from Ivy or Mercury or any other cause, higher than a kite.

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle *Free* to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large Bottles 50c. and $1.

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large Bottles 50 cents and $1.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A heavy 3¼ Lumber Wagon, left at our shop by one Wm. Carter for repairs, will be sold by the undersigned at a bargain, unless called for at once and charges paid.

SERVATIUS & PURTLE.
Smethport, August 22, 1889.—3t.

Smethport ✧ Planing ✧ Mill.

Water Street, Foot of Franklin.

J. BAKER & SONS,

Manufacturers of

WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES

SIDING, CEILING,

Wainscotting, Flooring, Etc., Etc.

CUSTOM WORK

Done in a first-class manner and on short notice.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Builders will do well to call on us for their lumber, as we can furnish all kinds in short order at reasonable prices.

Contractors AND Builders.

To this branch of our business we will devote special attention. None but skilled workmen are employed, and we guarantee satisfaction.

THIS BOTTLE
TO BE WASHED
AND RETURNED

FLINT GLASS

MILK BOTTLES

Manufactured by

W. H. Hamilton & Co.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IN FOUR SIZES:

½ & 1 Pint, Quart & ½ Gallon

WRITE FOR PRICES.

April 5—3m-

BUSH & McINTOSH,

Manufacturers of

Door & Window Frames

Flooring, Siding,

Ceiling, Etc.

Sash and Blinds Furnished to Order.

CUSTOM PLANING

done on short notice.

Also manufacturers of

LEVER HANDLES, WHIFFLETREES, NECK-YOKES, AND ALL KINDS OF TURNED WORK.—

Saws Gummed to order

Shop opposite W. N. Y. & P. depot,

East : Smethport.

v25n24yl.

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at less cost than those remote from Washington.

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Rochester Business University

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— AT —

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S

Ladies Jersey Ribbed Vests, perfect fitting	
Black Lace Mitts	18 "
Jersey Gloves	17 "
All Parasols at 1-2 regular prices.	
A fine Sateen Parasol	62 "
Imported India Linen Figured Lawns	9 1-2 "
Crinkled Seersuckers	8 "
Ladies' Fast-colored Black Hose	9 "
12-inch Sash Ribbons	38 "
LADIES' CHILDREN'S AND MEN'S STRAW HATS, 1-2 PRICE.	
Wool Challies	14 "
Black Lace Bunting, all wool, 46 in. wide	34 "
Best French Sateens	23 "
Finest American Sateens,	10 1-2 "
5 dozen Opera Slippers	62 "
Oriental Lace, 12 Inches wide,	15 "
Fancy Colored Satins	64 "

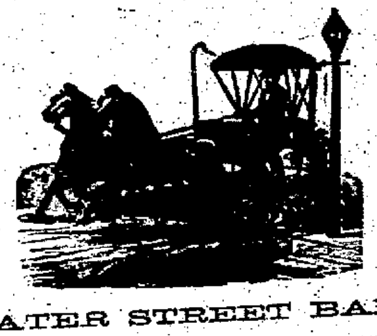
Do not miss this golden opportunity, but come at once and secure some Real Bargains.

Sale Two Weeks Only!

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S

EAST SMETHPORT.

A. T. PALMER,



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DEALER IN **HORSES,** Wagons, Carriages, Carts, **Harness, Etc.**

WATER STREET BARN.

— ALSO —

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

∴ YOUR :-: FEET ∴

NEED SOME ATTENTION.

NEW GOODS, NEW STYLES, IN

Fine Foot Wear!

FRENCH CALF, KANGAROO, PATENT LEATHER, Lace or Congress, Hand or Machine Sewed,

FOR GENTLEMEN,

— ALSO —

POPULAR SHADES in OOZE CALF and GOAT.

IN LADIES' WEAR,

GLAZE DONGOLA, FRENCH KID, CURACOA KID, HAND WELT, and HAND TURN.

TAN GOAT, OOZE CALF, OXFORD TIES in

Ladies', Misses', and Childrens'.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

One Price. | **GROVES,** | 28 Main St.

BRADFORD PA.

ANY ONE CAN DYE

A Dress, or a Coat, Ribbons, Feathers, Yarns, Rags, etc. } *Any Color* FOR TEN CENTS

and in many other ways SAVE Money, and make things look like NEW, by using DIAMOND DYES. The work is easy, simple, quick; the colors the BEST and FASTEST known. Ask for DIAMOND DYES and take no other.

For Gilding or Bronzing Fancy Articles USE

DIAMOND PAINTS.

Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 Cents.

Baby Portraits.

A Portfolio of beautiful baby pictures from life, printed on fine plate paper by patent photo process, sent free to Mother of any Baby born within a year. Every Mother wants these pictures; send at once. Give Baby's name and age.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., BURLINGTON, VT.

Cleanse the System

DO IT NOW

With that most reliable medicine—Paine's Celery Compound. It purifies the blood, cures Constipation, and regulates the liver and kidneys, effectually cleansing the system of all waste and dead matters.

Paine's Celery Compound

combines true nerve tonic and strengthening qualities, reviving the energies and spirits.

"I have been troubled for some years with a complication of difficulties. After trying various remedies, and not finding relief, I tried Paine's Celery Compound. Before taking one full bottle the long troublesome symptoms began to subside, and I can truly say now, that I feel like a new man. Digestion has improved, and I have gained ten pounds in weight since I have commenced taking the Compound."

HONORIUS STEARNS, Felchville, Vt.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. At Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

LEONARD & BLAIR,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CROCKERY, GLASS and STONEWARE HOUSE.

The finest, cheapest and best line of Chinaware, Glassware, Table Furnishing, Table Cutlery, Silverware and Bric-a-Brac in the city. Stock large, new, well-selected and cheap.

GAS FITTINGS AND FIXTURES

of all kinds a specialty. Of these we have as fine a variety as can be found in any city stock.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

No. 66 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET -:- COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

ADDING TO MY STOCK

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

—OF McKEAN COUNTY.—

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them. It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Solicting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, - Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

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We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire;	2,890,867
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Do not obtain Insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

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Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

EXECUTION OF THE KING.

The Head of Louis XVI Offered as a Bloody Sacrifice.

PROGRESS OF THE UPRISING—1793

The Fervid Patriotism of the French—All Paris Inflamed Against the Monarch. The National Frenzy and Its Irresistible Force—Awful Horrors of the Civil Strife.

By JUNIUS HENRI BROWNE.

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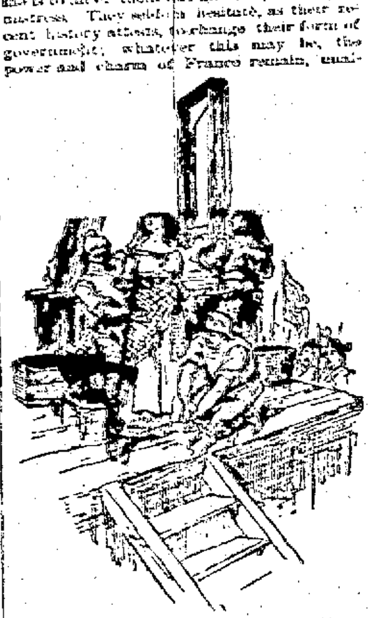
V.

It seems hardly possible that any intelligent Frenchman could have doubted at the time of Louis XVI's arraignment for trial what would be the result. All Paris was inflamed against him, nearly everybody believing that he was in collusion with the foreign and domestic enemies of France. He was regarded as the chief of the reaction, as the accomplice of the emigrants and of the heads of the foreign coalition against the country—the great obstacle to the institution of the new dispensation.

THE PERSONALITY OF FRANCE.

France is never an abstraction with Frenchmen, it takes the form of a precious, fascinating personality. To them France is sentimentally as well as grammatically feminine, she is to all of them like an ideal, worshipful mistress. They seldom hesitate, as their recent history attests, to change their form of government; whatever this may be, the power and charm of France remain, unaltered and unalterable. France is, indeed, to her people, whether high or low, rich or poor, a word of magic significance. Louis was popularly thought to be her foe, and, therefore, the people became his foe, direful and relentless. Even the fiercest fanatics of freedom believed, when they were clamoring, like Marat, for more heads, positively insatiable of blood, that they were purifying and strengthening France.

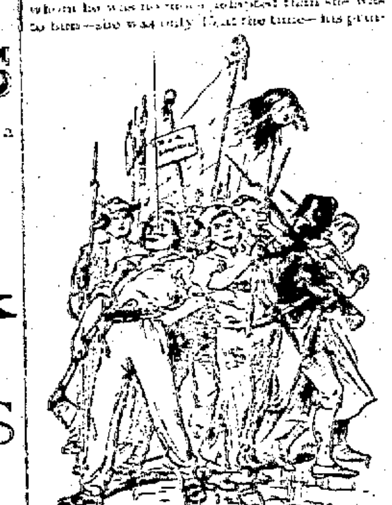


EXECUTION OF CHARLOTTE CORDAY.

No nation is or can be more patriotic. When the French are [illegible] fastening on one another's throats, as in 1793 and 1871, the deadly adversaries are impelled by what they consider patriotism. French patriotism may be but [illegible] of the national egotism, the combined vanity of the [illegible] race. It is, at any rate, a prodigious force in the state. The French often appear almost unique. Perhaps Voltaire was right in saying: "There are two kinds of nature, human nature and French nature." When Napoleon once blamed Fouché, then minister of police, for not preparing a warm public reception for him, the latter replied: "In spite of the fusion of the Franks with the Gauls, we are still the same people—unable to tolerate either liberty or oppression." The crafty and perfidious minister was not very wide of the truth.

Notwithstanding the violent prejudice against Louis, many of his judges, the Girondists notably, doubtless tried to be fair, acted conscientiously. The vote indicates this. Of the 7[illegible] members of the convention, 387 were unreservedly for death; 334 for detention, banishment or execution under certain circumstances, and twenty-eight were absent. Louis was, as has been said, in no wise quali[illegible] time and in such a stress. There was nothing royal in his person, manner, or habits. He was not French in character, consequently his subjects never understood and never liked him. He was German in mind and temperament, having inherited these from his mother, Maria Josepha, daughter of Augustus, elector of Saxony and king of Poland. He was really foreign to his native land and [illegible] rendered so. Essentially a burgher in disposition, he became nothing else, simple, taciturn, mechanical, honest, virtuous, domestic; he was scarcely an agreeable husband or a genial father.

Having married Marie Antoinette at 16, to whom he was no more adapted than she was to him—she was only 15 at the time—his principal pleasure was in hunting and eating, often falling asleep at table, while his young and rather frivolous wife went in pursuit of livelier company. The match was made, in the face of its unfitness, in the interest of the house of Austria. He was separated from the commons by his weakness, mental, not moral, and from the nobility by his virtues. He was placed in conditions which far abler men could not have managed, and his experiences were so painful and pitiful that he claims our compassion, if not our respect. There seems to have been a sort of fate in his career, of which he had a certain foreshadowing.



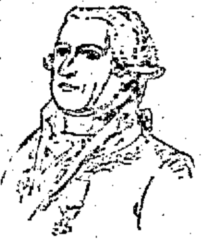
INSURRECTION IN PARIS.

At the close of the celebration of his nuptials many persons in the vast crowd were crushed to death in the Place Louis XV by the narrowness of the mode of exit. The accident greatly depressed the youthful king, who was singularly humane. Near where it happened stood twenty-three years later the scaffold on which he suffered. It was then called the Place de la Revolution; it is now the Place de la Concorde. He had from his boyhood felt a morbid interest in the story of Charles I, reading it continually, as if he had a presentiment of his own doom. His life was so desolate, so full of mortification and anguish that he might well have been resigned to quitting it.

THE DOOM OF LOUIS.

The trial lasted forty-one days; was most exciting, having been marked by tempestuous debates between the Girondists and Jacobins. Louis was ably defended by Desèze, Tronchet and Malesherbes, but the substance of the charge that he had conspired with the emigrants and foreign powers to overthrow the constitution and the old order (ancien régime), was sustained by documents discovered in an iron safe hidden in a wall of the Tuileries. It would have been strange if he had not been guilty. Under his circumstances guilt was virtually self defense. He must have known for three years and a half at least that his life was in constant danger in Paris. He turned naturally to his distant friends, to those who alone would and could help him, for protection. His friends, as the constitution construed it, were necessarily the enemies of the republic. Who can blame a man, surrounded by ruthless foes, if he uses deception and falsehood to escape the meshes into which they have taken him? Is not craft the spontaneous consequence of compulsion?

The attitude of most of the king's judges toward him is evident from their feelings against his fearless advocates, who were well aware of the hazard they incurred at such a time by pleading his cause. Desèze and Tronchet were not so prominent as Malesherbes, but they had great difficulty after the trial in avoiding the guillotine; Tronchet being compelled to remain hidden during the Reign of Terror. Malesherbes was renowned for magnanimity.

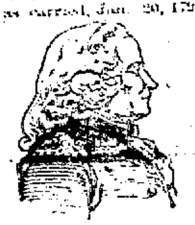


TRONCHET.

As president of the court of aids, he was a quiet though resolute opponent of government greed and tyranny under Louis XV., and labored strenuously for the welfare of the people. He was at 29, appointed censor of the press, a position which he did not relish, but which he accepted to keep it out of the hands of some bigot or venal courtier. He filled it admirably, and his grateful service was highly appreciated by authors, albeit the Sorbonne protested violently against the celebrated encyclopedia, but he permitted its publication.

Some years after, his hostility to the levy of new taxes and other political abuses led to his banishment from the capital. He was recalled by Louis XVI, and entered the ministry with Turgot, but resigned on his dismissal. When Louis XVI was put on trial, he was eager to defend him, and discharged the duty ably and eloquently. But, from that hour, he was a marked man. Within a year he was arrested with his family, and they were condemned to the ax. Today his memory is greatly honored in Paris, and one of the principal streets is named after him.

The next day after Louis Capet's sentence—so he was named by the convention—he was carried, Jan. 20, 1793, to the scaffold.



MALESHERBES.

The concourse was immense. Every preparation was made against a possible rescue—80,000 armed men, and cannon bristling everywhere. He [ascended the] scaffold in company with Edgeworth de Firmont, a pious abbé, a cousin of Maria Edgeworth, and his last confessor. Resisting the assistants of the executioner who had laid hands on him, he yielded to the persuasions of the priest. When they were about to adjust his head to the frame, he tore himself from their grasp and exclaimed excitedly: "I die innocent of any crime; I pray that God may not visit my blood upon France!"

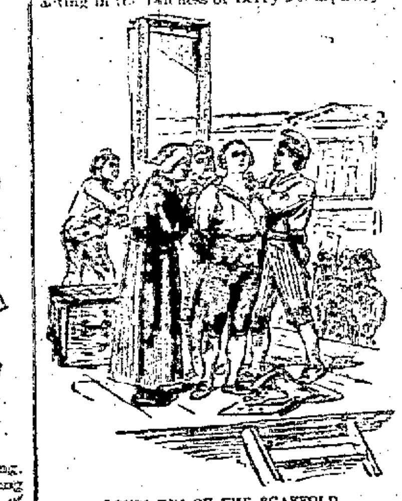
The revolutionists were determined he should not speak; they feared its effect on the crowd—and his voice was drowned by the rolling of the drums. He was forced down; the clamp board fastened on his throat. His confessor cried: "Son of St. Louis, ascend to heaven!"* The glittering knife descended; the blood spurted; the royal head fell into the basket, and was shown to the people. France had beheaded its first king, and the populace rejoiced, shouting wildly at the death of him they declared a traitor and a tyrant. Who can assert that he was the last of the French sovereigns that will perish in that way? Of that nation nothing can be predicted, and everything is possible.

FURY OF THE CIVIL STRIFE.

The decapitation of the king, it might be thought, would have quenched the popular thirst for blood, it only increased the thirst with which the whole land seemed parched. Having slain the chief of the realm, the rabble and their leaders were more sanguinary, more demoniac than ever. The wholesale massacre, under the name of law and order, had not then begun, but from that day no man, no woman's life was safe in Paris. The purest and noblest were liable to sacrifice at the intimation of a scullion, at the frantic cry "The country is in danger." Such a country, in such madness, certainly ought to have been in a thousand times more danger than it really was. The extreme revolutionists were its greatest danger, and they would have ruined it had they not been overthrown and extirpated.

Chaos prevails in France after the royal execution. England dismisses the French ambassador on receipt of the baleful news, and joins the coalition with Naples, Spain, Holland, Germany against the distracted land. Revolts occur in every department; the Vendée is in a blaze. The insurrection is half religious, beginning with the peasantry, on proclamation of the republic. The Vendeans are royalists to the core; their national ardor extends over Lower Poitou, Anjou, Lower Maine and Brittany. Jacques Cathelineau is at its head. A mason and [illegible] family. His piety is so rampant that he is called the saint of Anjou.

The attempt of the revolutionists to strengthen their army causes a sanguinary fight at St. Florent, and rouses Cathelineau to determined resistance. In command of a force of young men he drives off the garrison of Jallais and Cholet. His followers increase, and he wins several battles with irregular troops only half armed. He becomes a popular leader and is made a general. Various success attends him, and he dies of wounds, got in an attack on Nantes, at 34. After the restoration his children are pensioned, and a monument is raised to his memory. His son declares against Napoleon in the Vendée in 1815, and is shot, fifteen years later, while acting in the Duchess of Berry's conspiracy.



LOUIS XVI ON THE SCAFFOLD.

Henri du Verger, Count de la Rochejaquelein, is another Vendean chief. Having a military education he becomes one of the constitutional guard of Louis XVI after the outbreak of the Revolution. But after the massacre of the Swiss guard at the Tuileries he quits Paris and unites with Lescure and the inhabitants of the Vendée in behalf of the monarchy. He is chosen their commander and addresses them, speaking of his inexperience and ardor in their cause. "If I advance, follow me; if I retreat, kill me; if I fall, avenge me!" He shows prodigies of valor and wins several victories over the republicans. After desperate fighting and animating his followers by heroic example, he is killed, at 22—the chief support of the royalist cause in the west of France.

Charette de la Contrie is another gallant soldier of the Vendée. He is in our war for independence in his youth, and, later, is a staunch defender of Louis XVI, and bent on avenging him after his execution. He is a guerrilla leader and keeps up the unequal contest to the last. Refusing the most honorable terms from Gen. Hoche, he tries with only thirty-three men to cut his way through the republican force. Wounded, captured, he is taken to Nantes and shot at 33 by order of court martial. Few struggles have been so determined and intrepid as those of the Vendeans in a cause almost hopeless. They have received the compassion and reverence of all people.

The death of the king resulted in a still worse condition for France. Paris was in the hands of a small number of desperate men. A committee of public safety was formed, and its members were given by the convention absolute power over property and life. Even the representatives of the convention ceased to be secure from arrest and harm. The execution of the Girondists created great excitement, wrath and horror in the provinces. But the destructives in Paris could not be overthrown; they had the military and civil force behind them; they were supreme. The just assassination of Marat added to the power of Robespierre by enlarging his freedom and rendering him virtually dictator.

In Bordeaux, Lyons, Marseilles and other large cities which had resisted the authorities of the capital, massacres equal to those of Paris were perpetrated at will. The atmosphere of the whole land was dark with mortal peril; death lurked in every household. The decrees of the convention were perfectly savage, but some of its agents were so superhumanly cruel that they murdered on their own account, apparently from sheer love of cruelty. If we had not proof of their deeds, faith in our fellows would prompt us to discredit them totally.

---

* This saying has been doubted. Edgeworth himself said that he had no recollection of using the words.

ALMOST EIGHTY YEARS.

THE AGE OF DR. OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES, POET AND SURGEON.

His Profession Has Perhaps Absorbed Most of His Attention, but It Is His Poetry and His Philosophy by Which He Will Be Remembered.

Among distinguished Americans, for pure brilliancy, Oliver Wendell Holmes should rank very high. On the 29th of August, 1889, the doctor will celebrate his eightieth birthday, and will then enter upon the period called octogenarian. For half a century he has been the delight of all who love a bon mot or a comic or humorous bit of verse sprinkled with pathos, and only a year ago he published an account of a trip abroad which he made at an age when most men prefer to be dozing by the fireside.

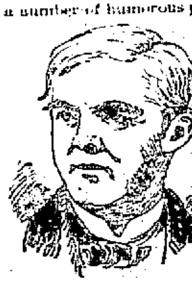
Dr. Holmes was born in Cambridge, Mass., and breathed a literary atmosphere from the day of his birth. When old enough to go away to school he was sent to the Phillips Andover academy. Here he began to make verses by translating the first book of Vergil's "Æneid" into heroic couplets. In 1825 he entered Harvard. There he was a frequent contributor to the college periodicals, and when the appointments for commencement were given out Holmes was made the poet. That his standing in scholarship was excellent is manifest from the fact that he was chosen a member of the Phi Beta Kappa society, which selects its members from those who stand among the highest.

The young graduate found himself famous within a year after his graduation. Many a literary man has attracted his first notice in a literary way by a few verses hitting off some topic at the time uppermost in the popular mind. In 1830 it was proposed to break [illegible] there appeared in The Boston Advertiser a protest against such a desecration beginning:

> Ay, tear her tattered ensign down,
> Long has it waved on high.

The author was O. W. Holmes. The piece took at once, was copied widely in the newspapers, circulated in handbills, and saved the ship.

Holmes studied law for a year at the Cambridge law school, but if he did not learn more of literature than law he at least produced more in the literary field, for he wrote a number of humorous pieces which added to his reputation as a writer. It was destined that he should be a physician, however, and having changed his mind as to the law he studied medicine under Dr. James Jackson, and then spent three years studying abroad.



OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES

But while medicine furnished him with work, literature presented a field for amusement. The year he received his medical degree (1836) he published a book containing his poems to that date. This volume contained one of the best known as well as the most delicate mixtures of the comic and the pathetic in all his pieces: "The Last Leaf."

Dr. Holmes served for awhile as professor of anatomy and physiology at Dartmouth, and in 1847 filled the same chair in the medical school at Harvard. While he is not known to the public as a writer on medical topics, he gained three of the Boylston prizes for medical dissertations. They were published together in 1838. Besides these he has published half a dozen books on medical science.

When in 1857 James Russell Lowell began his work as editor of a new magazine called The Atlantic Monthly, Dr. Holmes was called upon to put a shoulder to the wheel and start the new enterprise on the road to popular favor. He began with a series of papers called the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table." Twenty-five years before he had begun a series of articles with that title for The New England Magazine. The papers not only successfully launched the magazine but when published in book form became the most popular piece of literary work bearing the author's name, not only then but ever afterwards. Indeed they were so fascinating that the public eagerly absorbed everybody "at the breakfast table" that Dr. Holmes would write about. "The Professor at the Breakfast Table" followed the "Autocrat" and are still regarded among the doctor's best works.

In verse Dr. Holmes has touched very little that is not especially noted for the sparkling rather than the poetic. He has written some pieces, however, in which there is the true poetic ring. Perhaps the best specimen of this kind of verse in his works is "The Chambered Nautilus." The most marvelous feature, however, about him, is the work which he has been able to do upon occasion. Let there be a meeting of his classmates to celebrate their past in college, a dinner of doctors, a supper of authors; Dr. Holmes would be called upon to cook up something choice in verse to grace the literary menu. And when the feast was set the doctor's dish would not only be devoured by the classmates or doctors, or authors, but would be seized upon by the whole public. Indeed many of his choicest pieces were produced in this way.

Dr. Holmes during his long life in literature wrote only two novels—"Elsie Venner," a study of heredity, and "The Guardian Angel." "Elsie Venner" being a scientific novel, its appreciation is limited, and the author succeeded in his novels rather in drawing character than for dramatic power.

Beyond his literary work Oliver Wendell Holmes is known among his friends as a genial companion and especially a wit. One of his witticisms, produced more than thirty years ago, has crept into various forms and been attributed to others, but it was perpetrated by the doctor himself. It is this:

Dr. Holmes was one day standing about an autopsy table. He is a little man, and a number of other physicians in attendance were all exceptionally large men. Holmes looked up at the massive frames about him and for a moment seemed to be impressed with his own insignificance. But it did not take him long to recover his equanimity. "Upon my word, gentlemen!" he exclaimed, glancing with a twinkle in his eye from one to the other, "I feel like a three cent piece among a lot of pennies!"

The doctor in his poetical works, best of all American poets, touches the modern taste. Such poets as Will Carleton, Lowell (in his "Biglow Papers") and Bret Harte and John Hay are of this school, but Holmes overtops them all; while the plane on which his poems are written is far higher than theirs. In some there is a depth of meaning unnoticed by the casual reader, but what remains is so good that it stands of itself. The "Wonderful One Horse Shay," for instance, was written to show a collapse of logical reasoning. But few of those who have read it know this; yet the "One Horse Shay" still lives, perhaps the most popular of all the doctor's efforts. Fortunately for his admirers, the author also still lives, and is honored not as poet, author, wit, humorist, alone, but as an original in all these, and as the most genial and lovable of men.

No Quackery in This.

Having secured the agency of the celebrated Sizerville magnetic mineral water, I am now prepared to handle it in large or small quantities. It has been thoroughly demonstrated that it is a sure cure for all rheumatic pains and kidney diseases, besides being one of the greatest apetizers and bowel regulators known. It has also cured some of the worst cases of paralysis on record.

Orders left at the Grand Central Hotel, Smethport, will be promptly attended to. F. N. TAYLOR.

Smethport, Dec. 3, 1888.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.

☞ English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Every bottle warranted. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY. Salary and Expenses paid, or Commission if preferred. Salesmen wanted everywhere. No experience needed. Address, stating age. The C. L. Van Dusen Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Out of the Breastworks.

[illegible] SPRINGS, TENN., July 4, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

[illegible] years ago I contracted an [illegible] bad case of blood poison. I tried [illegible] physician, the best at command, but [illegible] no benefit. My throat began to [illegible] my body covered with sores [illegible]. Going from bad to worse, I felt that my grave must be reached in the near future. I gave up the doctors' treatment [illegible] with a despairing hope I commenced taking your medicine. I began to improve from the first bottle, and in a short time the ulcers healed, and my skin cleared off and was entirely well.

One year ago a case of catarrh developed in my system. The physician did his best, but could not cure me; but two bottles of Swift's Specific gave me permanent relief.

J. H. ROBINSON.

KAUFMAN, TEX., June 23, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—I have been afflicted with a skin disease for about twelve years, and the best medical treatment failed to give me relief. I am now using Swift's Specific, and have received the greatest benefit from its use. Yours truly, WM. JONES.

For sale by all druggists.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.
New York, 756, Broadway.
London, Eng., 35 Snow Hill.

THE STERLING Co.

Manufacturers of

THE STERLING PIANOS,

WHICH FOR Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, FINISH and adaptability for standing in Tune have no equal.

Every Piano Warranted for Five Years

And satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser. Also Manufacture the WORLD RENOWNED

STERLING ORGAN

Factories, Derby, Conn.

April 1, 89-6m

JAMES McNULTY

Merchant Tailor!

EAST MAIN STREET,

Smethport, Pa.

A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 24 and 25 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16, 1886.-tf

OUR $1 A WEEK Club System

while as convenient to the buyer as any installment system, is a wholesale spot cash system to us. The co-operation of the club members sells us 38 watches in each $38 Watch Club, and we get cash from the Club for each watch before it goes out, though each member only pays $1 a week. This is why we give you more for your money than any one else and why we are doing the largest watch business in the world. We sell only first quality goods, but our prices are about what others get for inferior quality. Our $10 Silver Watch is a substantial Silver (*not imitation of any kind*) Stem-Wind American Lever Watch—either hunting case or open. Our $25.00 Watch is a Stem-wind, OpenFace, first quality, stiffened Gold American Lever Watch, *guaranteed to wear 20 years.* It is fully equal to any watch sold for $38 by others. We find a first-class Stiffened Gold Case much more satisfactory and serviceable than any Solid Gold Case that can be sold at less than double the money, as cheap solid cases are invariably thin, weak, of low quality, and worthless after short use. Our $38 Watch contains numerous important patented improvements, of vital importance to accurate timing—*Patent Dustproof, Patent Stem Wind, &c.*, which we control exclusively. It is fully equal for accuracy, appearance, durability and service, to any $75 Watch, either Open Face or Hunting. Our $43.00 Railroad Watch is especially constructed for the most exacting use, and is the best Railroad Watch made, Open Face or Hunting. All these prices are either all cash or in clubs, $1.00 a week. An Ajax Watch Insulator given free with each Watch.

The Keystone Watch Club Co.

Main Office & Co's Own Building 904 WALNUT ST. PHILA., PA.

☞ Agents Wanted.

Ajax Watch Insulator, $1.00. A perfect protection against magnetism. Fits any Watch. Sent by mail on receipt of price. ☞ We refer to any Commercial Agency.

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HIRES' IMPROVED 25c. ROOT BEER! IN LIQUID NO BOILING EASILY MADE THIS PACKAGE MAKES FIVE GALLONS DELICIOUS AND SPARKLING MAKES FIVE GALLONS

ROOT BEER

One 25c. Package makes 5 gallons of a most Delicious, Sparkling, Temperance Beverage. Strengthens and Purifies the Blood. Its purity and delicacy of flavor commend it to all. Sold everywhere.

TRY IT.

If your Druggist or Grocer should not have it in store, ask them to get it for you, or send 25c. to the manufacturer and you will receive it by mail.

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April 5, 89-tf.

Specht & Sasse,

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Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

Time Table in effect Nov. 1st, 1888.

BUFFALO DIVISION.

NORTH'D p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Eastern Time.	SOUTH'D a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7 00	1 15	8 35	Ar. Buffalo Lv.	8 20	3 30	6 01
6 15	12 38	7 56	East Aurora	9 00	4 07	6 29
5 37	12 05	7 16	Chaffee	9 50	4 42	6 02
5 30	12 00	7 11	Arcade	9 42	4 49	6 49
4 56	11 34	6 42	Franklinville	10 11	5 19	7 40
4 33	11 07	6 15	Hinsdale	10 42	5 46	8 05
4 02	10 37	6 00	Olean	11 05	6 10	8 51
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
2 15	7 13		Lv. Bradford Ar.	9 13	7 50	
7 50	1 10		Ar. Bradford Lv.	8 13	4 35	
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	
3 48	10 32		Portville	11 20	5 20	
3 28	10 10		Eldred	11 41	6 4[illegible]	
3 18	10 03		Larrabees	11 49	6 58	
2 54	9 40		Port Allegany	12 13	7 23	
1 50	8 35		Emporium	1 15	8 30	
p.m.	a.m.		Lv. Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	
a.m.			Lv. Ar.	a.m.		
4 30			Harrisburg	4 30		
11 20			Philadelphia	8 25		
8 00			New York	11 30		
11 20			Baltimore	8 15		
10 00			Washington	9 25		
p.m.			Lv. Ar.	a.m.		

Train arriving at Buffalo 8:35 a. m. and leaving Buffalo 5:20 p. m. run daily. Additional Sunday trains leave Buffalo at 9:20 a. m., arriving at Franklinville 12:00m., leave Franklinville 5:45 p. m., arriving at Buffalo at 7:40 p. m. stopping at intermediate stations.

Narrow Guage Division. Trains leave Olean for Bradford 6.00, 11.05 a. m., 6.05 p. m., arrive Olean 9.13 a. m., 3.55, 6.00 p. m. Leave Eldred for Bradford 6.25, 11.45 a. m., 3.50, arrive Eldred 9.45 a.m., 3 10, 6.25 p.m. Leave Bradford for Kinzua 7.00, 7.50 a. m., 4.10 p. m., arrive Bradford 12.15 p. m. 3.30, 8.10 p. m.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Emporium and Philadelphia, connecting with trains leaving Buffalo at 3.30 p. m. arriving Buffalo 7.00 p. m.

Get Time Tables giving full information from Company's Agents.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pas'r. & T'k. Agt.
No. 84, Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

Northw'd P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	Southw'd A.M.	P.M.
3.10	9.35	Ar. Larrabees Lv.	11.50	7.00
3.00	9.10	Frisbee	12.00	7.10
2.45	9.00	Farmers Valley	12.15	7.22
2.33	8.40	Smethport	12.22	7.33
2.13	7.20	Crosby	12.37	7.57
2.08	7.10	Colegrove	12.40	7.52
2.03	7.00	Hamlin	12.45	8.00
1.31	6.05	Lv. Clermont Ar.	1.18	8.32
P.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MARCH 6, 1889

WESTWARD. p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	STATIONS	EASTWARD. a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
5 30	11 35	9 30	ar. Bradford lv.	8 15	2 10	5 55
4 54	11 00	8 55	Kenzua Ju.	8 55	2 56	5 35
4 45	10 50	8 47	Rew City	9 08	3 00	5 43
4 24	10 25	8 28	Rixford	9 27	3 20	7 02
4 19	10 20	8 21	Duke Centre	9 32	3 27	7 07
4 00	10 00	8 05	Eldred	9 50	3 50	7 25
			B. E. & C. R. R.			
3 2[illegible]	9 22		Ceres	10 25	4 30	
3 20	9 07		Little Genesee	10 50	4 45	
3 05	9 00		Lv. Bolivar Ar	10 50	4 55	
2 35	8 30		Allentown	11 22	5 25	
2 05	8 00		lv Wellsville ar	11 52	5 55	
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7 10	2 15	9 30	ar. Bradford lv	10 20	8 15	5 00
6 35	1 40	8 55	Kinzua Junct'n	10 05	8 55	5 37
6 29	1 38	8 48	Aiken	11 05	9 01	5 43
6 21	1 22	8 42	Davis	11 12	9 07	5 50
6 18	1 20	8 35	Simpson	11 19	9 14	5 58
6 10	1 10	8 25	Ormsby	11 30	9 25	6 10
5 40	12 40	7 55	Smethport	11 57	9 50	6 35
5 15	12 00	8 00	Mt. Jewett	1 55	9 00	6 35
5 05	11 00	7 20	Kane	2 55	10 25	7 10
		p.m.	P & W. R. R.	m.		
		4 55	Carlsons	11 30		
		4 33	Chaffees	11 50		
		4 18	Sheffield June.	12 04		
		12 35	Clarion	2 15		
		[illegible]	Parker	3 41		
		10 24	Petrolia	4 10		
		10 00	Millerstown	4 30		
		9 21	Butler	5 29		
		8 40	Callery June.	6 08		
		8 11	Bakerstown	6 28		
		7 20	Allegheny	7 23		
		a.m.		p.m.		

JNO. C. MCKENNA, Superintendent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 1st, 1888.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

8:30, a. m.—Day Express, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington 8:00 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

9:15 p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster Phila., New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:25 a. m., New York 11:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:15 a. m., Washington 9:20 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia, and from Williamsport to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:30 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

6:20 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m. Baltimore 7:30 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 6:20 p. m. with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium June. 10:30 a.m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, June 20, 1887.

AR. EASTW'D. PM	P.M.	STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D. A.M.	PM
8 27	1.23	Coudersport	8.00	5.00
8.24	1.19	Hammonds	8.04	5.04
8.2[illegible]	1.14	Fish Basket	8.07	5.08
8.16	1.10	Olmsted	8.12	5.12
8.11	1.05	Nelsons	8.18	5.13
8.03	12.57	Knowlton	8.25	5.20
7.57	12.50	Roulette	8.33	5.34
7.52	12.45	Pomeroy Bridge	8.38	5.38
7.43	12.36	Burtville	8.46	5.49
7.32	12.24	Coleman	9.00	6.01
7.27	12.18	Port Allegany	9.05	6.0[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

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Bad Feet!

$93 Sewing-Machine FREE

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LADIES USE PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by W. T. Caller and S. I. Wolls, Smethport, Pa. v8n40y1

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School Books, Blank Books.

STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS.

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NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

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—OF—

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Just published, a new edition of

Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay

on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or incapacity induced by excess or early indiscretion.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of early error may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

Sample of medicine free.

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Feb. 89-1y. 1.

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